# THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 18, NO. 8. RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, APR. 12, 1900. TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

The Woman's Friend.

ULTRA

Here is a model example of Shoe Perfection at the low price of $3.50. We keep the Curzon, the Loubet, the Newport, the Debutante and Mannish. For fine trade they have no equal in Rhinelander. One trial will convince the most fastidious of their superiority.

OTHER SHOES WITHOUT LIMIT.

SPAFFORD & COLE,

RHINELANDER, - WIS.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

New and late novelties in

Jewelry and Silverware

Just in from the Eastern Markets.

Call and See the New Menlo Park 17 Jewel Movement.

J. SEGERSTROM, Jeweler,

Davenport Street. RHINELANDER, WIS.

CARPETS.

There are three good reasons why you should buy your carpets from us:

1st.—By not having any money invested in a large stock we can afford to sell at a closer margin than others.

2nd.—We can show a larger assortment than it would be possible for the other stores to carry.

3rd.—We can get the carpets cut with a smaller waste than the other stores can.

We are showing an elegant line of Axminsters, 3 ply and Ingrains in different grades.

LACE CURTAINS.

We are showing a fine line of Lace Curtains and Lace Curtaining by the yard.

We guarantee to save you money on these goods.

CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.

'Phone 12-2. RHINELANDER, WIS.

## A LETTER DESCRIPTIVE OF GOLDEN GATE STATE

D. B. STEVENS TELLS OF HIS VISIT IN THE LAND OF LOWERS.

**An Interesting Pen Picture of San Francisco and the Surrounding Country—Sees the Famous Seal Rocks—The Great City Parks and Presido Reservation Attracts His Attention—Many Other Sights.**

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

The Presido Reservation is a tract of land of several square miles commencing at the entrance of the bay, or Golden Gate, and extending about four miles along its shore. Its banks are precipitous and rise from one to two hundred feet, along which are arranged the great guns that protect the harbor from invasion, the largest forty feet long. Near the city are officers quartered, soldiers tents and the paraphernalia of army life, thousands of six and eight inch shells lay close together as borders to walks and avenues.

We visited Chinatown several times. It occupies about nine blocks in the center of the old part of the city. The buildings are of brick, two and three stories high, but having become old and business moved, owners could get more rent from Chinese than from other parties. They got started and have spread to present dimensions. You see now and then a laundry advertisement in other parts of the city. They live crowded together and it is hard to tell what is in the basements, and it is said to be unsafe in these lower dens. The first of February is their New Years, which they celebrate several days. They were dressed in their silks and many looked fine. The women and girls go bare headed. Their hair is black and smooth with some ornament as it is done up fan shaped, low on the neck behind. There is much said about those people but I cannot learn that they give more trouble than the low classes of any nation.

We visited the mint twice, between the hours of nine and eleven. Visitors are shown through it by veterans, detailed for that especial purpose. They are very profused with their pleasantry and minute in their description of the several departments Vaults were pointed out that contained, five, eighteen and twenty-five million silver dollars respectively. We were told that as soon as there was one hundred thousand silver dollars added to the stock, it was reported to Washington, and there was immediately issued the same amount of silver certificates, this remaining as their security. We were told the mint was built when free coinage of silver was in vogue and that its capacity was sufficient to coin all the money of the world. It will take too much space to describe in detail all the departments of this interesting conservatory of our nation.

Our trip to Mare Island navy yards, which is up the bay about thirty miles, was by steamer. Some Islands intersperse and narrow places occur. This division is known as San Pablo Bay, at the upper end of which seperated from the main land by a channel one-fourth to one-half mile wide, is the island mentioned. There are no fortifications and no building of new vessels. There is one dry dock and another one partly excavated. This is the best dry dock I have seen. It is built of hewn granite with steps on both sides from top to bottom. The incline of sides is forty-five degrees. Vessels are here overhauled, repaired and fitted for service. Great machine shops, derricks and all devices for turning out such repair work, also great warehouses full of naval stores and other sinews of war. We saw some modern cannon that had been used, and there were hundreds of muzzle loading guns and thousands of tons of shot and shells good for nothing but old iron. I do not know the extent of this island but judge it contains one or two square miles. Referring again to dry docks, I assume some readers are as ignorant as I was of how a vessel is put in and supported. A model of all vessels is registered, so when one is to be repaired the blocks are set to fit this model. The blocks are of square timber about four feet long set about eighteen inches apart, ranged the whole length of the dock and fastened down. They are about three feet high. Other blockings are fastened together of different heights and fastened in a groove on either side, so when the vessel settles on the center blocks these are drawn up close against it for support. The water is let in through large pipes, then the gate is opened and the vessel is floated in, if large, on high tide. Props are placed on either side to keep it in the center. The gate is settled into its groove then the water is pumped out, leaving the monster on dry blocks, as easy as you would put a skiff on ways and no more dangerous. I will only mention other things of interest, as I fear The New North will not find space for details. The thousands of vessels of all sizes and from all nations, the great army transports loading provisions, horses and mules and unloading dead and sick soldiers, the lumber interests that makes a man sick to think of our trees that make a wany 2x4 compared with a 24x24 80 feet and 9x14 110 feet long, the educational interests like the Berkley & Stanford and many others of less importance, the exhibition of fruit and minerals, the Palace Hotel, the chutes, museum and menagerie, the churches, the cemeteries, Protestant, Catholic, Jewish, Masonic and Odd Fellows. In these monsoleumns and monuments of multimillionairs, Flood, O'Brien, Mackey, Fair and many others in marble and granite, that cost $50,000.

But we must travel on. Leaving the city Monday, February 26, for Los Angeles, arriving Tuesday at 7 a. m. Went to Pasadena and Ontario, the land of oranges and lemons. Many are picked and many trees are still laden with fruit, but nothing is raised without irrigation. We stay three days, then go on to my brother's, fourteen miles from Ocean side, where I am to day. Country rolling and mountianous and crying for water, streams are dry and no means of supplying. Start for San Diego Monday then turn our faces for Wisconsin.

## WILL ORGANIZE A TAX PAYERS' ASSOCIATION

INITIAL MEETING HELD AT COUNCIL CHAMBER FRIDAY EVENING.

**Members Will Labor in an Effort to Secure an Economical Administration of Town, City and County Affairs—Committee Appointed to Determine Method of Organization—A Good Representation.**

The indications are that the talked of Oneida County Tax Payers association will soon be a reality, as active preparations are being made to perfect the same.

A meeting of several of the heavy tax payers and representative business men of the county was held at the council chamber last Friday evening for the purpose of taking the initial step. The purposes for such an organization were briefly outlined, after which W. B. LaSell was made chairman and C. C. Bronson secretary of the meeting.

A committee was appointed to decide upon a method of organization and was instructed to report at the next meeting, which will be held subject to the call of the chairman. The committee appointed consists of the following members: Chairman W. B. LaSelle, C. C. Bronson, S. H. Alban and E. O. Brown.

The promoters deem such an organization a necessity in Oneida county in order to secure a more economical administration of town, city and county government. We understand it is the intention of the members to take such steps as they may find proper and necessary to bring about the object they are striving for.

Those identified with the movement are inclined to be rather reticent as to the modus operandi of the association until the organization is perfected and the members are in a position to impart this information in detail. Aside from what we have above given The New North readers as to the labors to be inaugurated, the memebers would say nothing. Curb-stone gossip has it, however, that representatives will present themselves at meetings of town boards, city council and the county board for the purpose of declaring war against illegal claims presented to those bodies. How true this is, remains to be seen. The progress of the association after its birth will be watched with interest.

## TO SETTLE IN ONEIDA CO

**E. B. Morley Locates Four Illinois Farmers on Lands Owned By D. K. Jeffris —County Fast Developing.**

E. B. Morley, of Janesville, was in the city last Thursday and Friday, bringing with him four practical farmers who will settle on timber lands in Sections 30, 31 and 32, Town 35, Range 10, in Oneida county. The lands upon which these new-comers will locate was purchased of D. K. Jeffris, of Janesville, who owns a large amount of timber and cut-over lands in Oneida, Lincoln and Forest counties.

The farmers accompanying Mr. Morley have been engaged in agricultural pursuits in southern Illinois. They have disposed of their possessions there for the purpose of migrating to a section of country where lands are cheaper and the opportunities greater. Their names are C. Birget, L. Murray, J. Murray and Jas. D. Kellogg. They are all men of families and come for the purpose of making for themselves comfortable and permanent abiding places.

Although the purpose prompting Mr. Jeffris in bringing in new settlers is of a business nature, his good work is nevertheless appreciated by the people of the favored sections. The settlers thus far sent here are a most desirable class. They will be progressive and enterprising tillers of the soil. Mr. Jeffris has a hustling agent in the person of Mr. Morley, who is devoting his entire time to the work. Since the first of February he has placed thirty-five families on lands purchased of Mr. Jeffris in Lincoln and Oneida counties. This, Mr. Morley declares, is only a preliminary to what they intend to do. He informs The New North man that sub-agencies have been established in Chicago, St. Louis, Milwaukee, Racine, Brodhead and Beloit. The labors of securing home-seekers will be pushed from now on. Upwards of forty more have agreed to accompany Mr. Morley here for the pur-

[CONTINUED ON 5TH PAGE.]

## L. J. BILLINGS NAMED BY GOVERNOR SCOFIELD

TO FILL THE UNEXPIRED TERM AS COUNTY JUDGE OF ONEIDA CO.

**The Contest Between the Successful Aspirant and S. H. Alban Ended Last Friday—A Friendly Feeling Manifested By Both the Aspirants and their Friends —All Satisfied With the Decision.**

The friendly contest for the county judgeship of Oneida county to fill the unexpired term caused by the resignation of J. M. Harrigan was decided by Governor Scofield last Friday, the honors falling to L. J. Billings. The race for the appointment was between the successful aspirant and Judge S. H. Alban. Throughout the entire contest there was not the slightest manifestation of enmity. On the contrary, a warm friendly feeling prevailed between the contestants and among their supporters. Both of the local attorneys seeking the appointment sent strong petitions to the governor, bearing signatures of the most prominent and influential business men of the

CAPT. LEVI J. BILLINGS.

county. The petition of Judge Alban was circulated first. After both were forwarded to the governor, personal letters were addressed to him, the writers stating that they signed either one or the other simply for the reason that they were presented first. Some claimed they had no preference as both of the gentlemen were of equally high standing in the community. It was a contest in which satisfaction could be expressed whichever way the governor decided. The fact that the appointee is a personal friend of the chief executive, and both are old soldiers, undoubtedly had some influence with him.

The appointee is a man of no mediocre ability, as his long career of activity in public affairs has demonstrated. He is a Wisconsin man in nearly all that the term implies. He was born at Trenton Falls, N. Y., in 1837. He has resided in the Badger state from infancy, removing here with his parents when but one year old. He was raised on a farm in Walworth county and educated in the state. His first schooling was in a district school. In the year 1859 he entered the law office of Abbott, Gregory & Pinney at Madison and after his admission to the bar he began practicing in that city and was appointed assistant attorney general, which position he resigned at the outbreak of the Civil war, enlisting in Co. K. of the 8th regiment of Wisconsin volunteers. After the evacuation of Corinth, he was commissioned second lieutenant in another regiment. His promotion was for merit on the recommendation of field officers. The record made by the gentleman was one to be proud of. Owing to Mr. Billings' physical condition, he did not take up the practice of law again until 1871. He located at Green Bay, where he remained until '87, when he removed to this city. He was at once appointed to the position of district attorney of the county which had just gone into effect. He was reelected three times. Mr. Billings has enjoyed a lucrative practice since his residence in this city and has taken a prominent part in some of the most important litigation in northern Wisconsin, gaining for himself an enviable reputation. He served for the second term as assistant attorney general under W. H. Mylrea. At the present time, Mr. Billings is serving his third term as city attorney. His record before the different courts has been an exceptionally good one. He has always tried to deal fairly by all, whether clients or opponents. One of his most commendable traits is a disposition to practice economy in the manipulation of municipal and county affairs. As a citizen, Mr. Billings has the respect of the entire community.

### TO ENJOY ATHLETIC SPORTS.

**The Boys of Co. L. Receive The Necessary Equipment for Their Gymnasium.**

The members of Co. L., W. N. G., of this city are actively engaged getting their gymnasium in readiness. The paraphernalia arrived last Friday morning, since which time the boys have been arranging the same to begin the sport ahead of them. Among the outfit they have received are three sets of wall weights, four sets of boxing gloves, Indian clubs of all weights, dumb bells, two punching bags, rings, etc. A portable running track is being built for the armory, which will be twenty laps to the mile. The boys are to be commended for their enterprise in securing the necessary equipment whereby they can pass their evenings in a pleasant and profitable manner.

### A Series of Band Concerts.

Rhinelander lovers of music will soon enjoy the pleasure of open air concerts by Field's Military band. The members will participate in the same just as soon as the atmospheric conditions will permit. The concerts last season were very popular and during the time they were given, throngs of people assembled at the park two evenings a week and enjoyed the treat. The members of the band met at the council chambers last Thursday evening for their first practice of the present season.

## MAYOR BRENNAN SAYS GAMBLING MUST STOP

CHIEF OF POLICE NOTIFIES SALOON KEEPERS OF THE NEW ORDER.

**The Instructions of His Honor Were Carried Out and Went Into Effect Last Saturday Morning—Presence of Many Tin-Horn "Gams" Prompted the Move—Here to Rob Woodsmen of Their Earnings.**

Mayor E. P. Brennan says gambling in Rhinelander must cease. He evidently means what he says for the reason that he instructed Chief of Police Morris Doyle last Friday to break the news to the local dispensers of wet goods that "blocking the tiger" would no longer be tolerated. During the afternoon and evening the chief broke the news gently. As a result, the following morning all slot machines were turned toward the wall, the "suppers" were out of a job and drooping chins were noticeable upon the faces of the tin-horn "gams," who have flocked into the city of late to participate in the harvest of fleecing the boys from the woods of their winter's earnings.

Mayor Brennan, when asked his reasons for the prohibitory order, said: "The city is infested this spring with a gang of tin-horn gamblers who come for the purpose of inveigling the boys from the woods into games of chance and robbing them. This year it is even worse than in the past. I deem the order necessary to protect them. Many, in fact a great majority of the saloon keepers, conduct their places within the bounds of decency, while there are a few who greatly abuse the privileges given them. Many of these fakirs who are here this spring have been here before. They are not satisfied with mere gambling, but in many cases are actually robbing their victims. I intend to be mayor this year" says Mr. Brennan, "if it is the last time."

## WILL GATHER ARBUTUS

**A Scheme to Smother Milwaukee With the Fragrant Flowers—Rhinelander to Do Her Share of the Work.**

A scheme is on foot to smother Milwaukee with trailing arbutus. The plan originated in the active mind of Lester A. Rose, secretary of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association. It was originally intended to have from 25,000 to 50,000 buttonhole bouquets sent to the Cream City papers on a certain day, gathered by the school children of each town in the valley. In a later communication from Mr. Rose, the plan is changed slightly for the reason that there is fully a week's difference in the bloom of the flower at Grand Rapids and Eagle River. It is suggested by Mr. Rose that the towns send their contributions of these fragrant flowers when at its heighth of bloom, without regard to combination.

On secondary consideration, Mr. Rose thinks it best to send the bulk of the arbutus to the Milwaukee Carnival association and the balance to the newspapers. He suggests that the school children be interested in gathering the flowers and the teachers, assisted by ladies of the cities, carry out the work of preparing the same for shipment. The secretary of the local auxiliary of the Advancement association has conferred with Prin. F. S. Hyer, who informs him that he will do all in his power to interest the children of the city schools, the teachers and will participate himself in this deserving tribute to the daily publications of the Cream City, which have done so much during the past six months in advertising gratuitously the great agricultural resources of the Wisconsin valley. The newspapers of Milwaukee hold a warm spot in the hearts of the people of this section, therefore the plan suggested meets with general favor. The papers of that city have done an incalculable amount of good for this section. It is naught but right that we should pay them a tribute of appreciation.

The day for gathering the arbutus has not been decided upon as yet but due notice will be given in the columns of The New North. All who may wish to join with the children on "arbutus day" are cordially invited to do so and no doubt many will. Rhinelander should do its share.

Jule Walter's "Sidetracked" Thursday, April 12, at the opera house.

# NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.

RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN.


# A WEEK'S RECORD

## All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

## HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

### News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

### THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the senate on the 2d advocates and opponents of the Porto Rican tariff and government bill occupied the time....In the house a resolution was adopted looking to a possible reduction of the war taxes. Bills were passed to open to settlement 48,000 acres in the Fort Hall Indian reservation and 2,500,000 in Oklahoma and to appropriate $100,000 for a military post at Sheridan, Wyo.

The senate on the 3d by a vote of 40 to 21 passed the bill providing a civil government and a 15 per cent. tariff on imports into the United States from Porto Rico, but admits most products free and provides absolute free trade March 1, 1902, or sooner if local revenues permit....In the house the Hawaiian territorial bill was discussed and a measure was favorably reported authorizing the president to assign retired officers to give military instruction in public schools.

The Quay case, the Philippine bill and the Alaska bill were discussed in the senate on the 4th and 81 private pension bills were passed....In the house the Porto Rico bill was received from the senate and referred to the ways and means committee. The Hawaiian territory bill was further considered.

On the 5th Senator Gallinger (N. H.) presented an argument in the senate against the seating of M. S. Quay as a senator from Pennsylvania. Most of the day was spent in executive session on the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.....In the house the Hawaiian bill was amended so as to nullify later contracts and prohibit saloons. The naval appropriation bill ($71,210,589) was reported.

DOMESTIC.

The public debt statement issued on the 1st shows that the debt decreased $6,629,731 during the month of March. The cash balance in the treasury was $306,792,693. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to $1,112,226,326.

For the nine months of the present fiscal year the government receipts exceeded the disbursements by $54,302,060.

The total coinage at the mints of the United States during March was $17,675,655.

The grand jury at Frankfort, Ky., began the investigation of the assassination of Goebel.

The total circulation of national bank notes on March 31 last was $270,933,063, an increase for the year of $27,990,731.

Webster Davis, assistant secretary of the interior, has resigned to take the lecture platform in the interest of the Boers.

Thirty thousand miners in the Pittsburgh coal district struck against the new scale.

President Harper announced at the University of Chicago convocation that the institution's assets are now $12,000,000.

The president has appointed Charles E. Barnes, of Chicago, to be consul at Cologne, Germany.

Fire among business houses at Newport, Ark., caused a loss of $500,000.

Allen Fuller, a negro, was hanged at Macon, Ga., for the murder of Mrs. Eugenia H. Pottle, an aged white woman.

A boiler in a brickyard at Atlanta, Ga., exploded, killing John M. Smith, James Perkins and Walter Evans.

Frank Hendry and his wife were burned to death in their house at Delhi, N. Y.

The state bank at Cambridge, Neb., closed its doors with liabilities of $40,000.

Allen Brooke, a negro, who assaulted Mrs. F. W. Hart, a white woman, was lynched near Perryville, Ga.

President McKinley nominated Smith McPherson, congressman from Iowa, to be United States judge for the southern district of Iowa.

Tired of poverty Mrs. Fred Meyer drowned her two little children and herself at Rochester, N. Y.

A New York court has decided that a man need not support his wife if she persists in having her mother with her against her husband's wishes.

Control of the Reading railroad has been acquired by the Vanderbilts.

Admiral Dewey expresses his willingness to become a candidate for president.

Jorge Cruz, a Porto Rican, was ordered deported from New York on the ground that he is an alien and subject to the contract labor law. Test will be made in the courts.

Richard A. Canfield, of New York, sued James T. Drummond, Jr., of St. Louis, for $22,500, alleged to have been lost in a game of roulette.

The New York legislature defeated a bill to allow women to vote at town elections.

Nearly all the building trades in Indianapolis are now affected by strikes.

The war department warns Americans without capital from going to Cuba.

Robbers rifled the Santa Fe depot at Winfield, Kan., and shot and killed D. C. Coates, the night operator.

Fire in Kansas City, Mo., destroyed the hall intended for the democratic convention, also a church, school, and half a block of buildings, the total loss being $130,000.

Business throughout the country during the first quarter of 1900 has exceeded anticipations.

Fire destroyed the entire business portion of Ravena, Mich.

Six persons were injured in the wreck of an Omaha & St. Louis train at Silver City, Ia.

In a brief filed in the supreme court in Washington the department of justice contends that the constitution does not apply to Porto Rico.

Live hogs sold in Chicago at $5.65 a hundred pounds, the highest point since 1894.

All the lifesaving stations on the great lakes have been opened for the season.

Thirteen inches of snow fell at Cheyenne, Wyo., and during the storm a woman was struck by lightning.

Masked men blew up two bridges and burned two tollhouses on the Logansport and Burlington (Ind.) pike.

The Ohio law forbidding the discharge of any workman because of membership in a union is declared unconstitutional.

A Florida physician says Gov. Tanner, of Illinois, has consumption and is not likely to live six months.

Arthur F. Marsh, of Allegan, late inspector general of the Michigan national guard, was convicted of conspiring to defraud the state in the sale and purchase of military supplies.

Taylor and Beckham, contesting governors in Kentucky, have agreed to await a decision of the supreme court.

Miss Olga Nethersole and other actors were in New York found not guilty of maintaining a public nuisance in presenting the drama "Sapho."

The village of Ivor, Va., was burned by a fire started by a negro, who was caught by a posse and hanged.

Three miners were crushed to death by a fall of slate in a mine at Wellston, O.

The post office at Dewey, Wis., was burned and the postmaster was badly injured.

Fire destroyed the Spies building, the largest business block in Menominee, Mich. Loss, $200,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Mrs. Julia Duplici, of Bateman, Wis., celebrated her one hundred and first birthday.

Republicans generally show big gains in Ohio city elections and Michigan city election returns show marked democratic gains.

Utah elects W. H. King (dem.) to congress to succeed Brigham H. Roberts.

The republicans have renominated John Dalzell for congress in the Twenty-second Pennsylvania district and W. H. Graham in the Twenty-third.

Municipal elections show republican gains in Illinois, Minnesota, Kansas and Nebraska, and democratic gains in Wisconsin and Missouri. In Milwaukee Mayor Rose (dem.) was reelected, and in Chicago the republicans secured 20 of the 36 aldermen elected.

Ohio republicans have renominated James H. Southard for congress in the Ninth district and J. J. Gill in the Sixteenth.

John Bidwell, prohibition candidate for presidency in 1892, died at Chico, Cal.

William Gregory (rep.) was elected governor of Rhode Island by 10,000 plurality, and the legislature is largely republican.

E. H. Moore, aged 88, died in Athens, O. He was a former congressman from the Fifteenth district.

The state populist convention at Grand Forks, N. D., split on the question of indorsing Bryan.

The Pennsylvania democratic convention at Harrisburg instructed its delegates to Kansas City to vote for Bryan.

Admiral Dewey announces his platform as "the flag and free trade." He says he is a democrat.

Washington republicans in convention at Ellensburg elected delegates to the national convention instructed to vote for McKinley.

Wyoming republicans will hold their convention at Cheyenne May 16.

Republicans have renominated James S. Sherman for congress in the Twenty-fifth New York district and J. D. Bowersock in the Second Kansas district. The democrats have nominated James Cooney in the Seventh Missouri district.

The people's party in Illinois will hold its state convention in Springfield on the 24th inst.

FOREIGN.

A census shows that Manila has only 199,714 population, about half the usual estimates. Aguinaldo is said to be in Singapore, having arrived there on a recent steamer. The Singapore papers publish interviews with him.

Queen Victoria left London for Dublin, Ireland.

Meager information from South Africa leaves the impression that the Boers who captured seven British guns have made good their escape. That a great battle is impending east of Bloemfontein is indicated in nearly all the dispatches. Gen. Cronje, with 1,000 other prisoners, sailed from Cape Town for the Island of St. Helena.

There has been heavy fighting between Brandfort and Bloemfontein. The burghers attacked 7,000 British and drove them back with heavy losses. Col. Plumer's column, moving to the relief of Mafeking, has also been driven back with serious loss.

The Boer army was laying siege to Bloemfontein, where the greater part of the British forces in South Africa is now massed, according to the latest advices from that city. The dispatches say that the burghers were closing in on all sides, with the intention of surrounding the town.

A Manila dispatch says that a scheme of municipal government prepared by a mixed board, of which Senor Arellano is president, has received the approval of Gen. Otis.

A boy with pockets full of anarchistic literature fired two shots at the prince of Wales' car at the Brussels railway station, but no harm was done.

Gen. Otis reports 321 skirmishes since January 1, in which Americans lost 81 killed and 161 wounded, insurgents 1,426 killed and 1,123 captured. Gen. Bates peacefully occupied four more towns in Mindanao.

Queen Victoria arrived in Dublin to pay Ireland a visit after a lapse of 39 years.

Russian influence is supreme in Bulgaria, and Ferdinand has placed the government under a regency.

Seventy-three men were killed by an avalanche in the Veronsenevil district of Eehigo, Japan.

The Mafeking garrison made a sortie while Gen. Plumer attacked the Boers at Ramathlabama, but both were repulsed, Plumer losing 20 men killed and six prisoners. The Boers lost three killed and ten wounded at Korn Spruit and made 350 British prisoners. British maps and plans for invasion were seized.

Osman Nubar Pasha, the hero of Plevna, died at Constantinople, although the recent improvement in his condition led to the hopes of his recovery.

LATER.

At Chicago, George Miller, a colored barber, shot and killed Eugene Tucker, colored, during an argument over Admiral Dewey's candidacy for the presidency.

Gen. Methuen surrounded Gen. Mareril and a body of Boers. None escaped. Mareril and seven Boers killed and 50 prisoners taken. The British lost four men and seven wounded.

The manufacturers of Cleveland, O., have decided that they will not hold a conference with a committee of the striking machinists headed by President O'Connell of the International union.

C. Q. Hildebrand was nominated for congress by the republican convention in the Sixth congressional district of Ohio.

The safe in the postoffice at Dover Center, O., was blown open and $400 in money and $100 in stamps taken.

Major General Otis will return to the United States next month, and Major General MacArthur will succeed him as governor general of the Philippines.

It is estimated that 10,000, or about one-half, of the striking miners in the Pittsburg district have returned to work.

The building trades of St. Louis, Mo., have decided to order a strike if the Builders' Exchange does not accede to the demands of the men.

Miss Lydia Barstar, a school teacher at Gladstone, Mich., was killed by a stray bullet that entered the school house window and passed through her heart.

The British government has decided not to exchange prisoners with the Boers.

In court circles in Dublin the impression is growing that the cartridges of Sipido, assailant of the prince of Wales at Brussels were devoid of bullets.

The court of appeals of Kentucky handed down its decision in the gubernatorial contest in favor of Beckham, Judge Du Relle dissenting. The other two Republican judges, Barnam and Guffy, handed down a seperate opinion, which different in its reasons from the opinion of the Democratic judges, but agreed with them in its conclusion.

An agreement has been concluded whereby Russia disavows any design to obtain a port in the island of Quelpart, and Korea promises not to concede the same to any other power.

Near Auburn, Ind., Ves Steel was shot and killed by Wm. Davis. Domestic troubles was the cause.

Reports of encounters between American troops and the insurgents continue to arrive from Manila. Lieut. Gordon with a company of the 16th infantry, while scouting near Aparri, Cagayan province, engaged 250 insurgents. Lieut. Gordon was wounded. A sergeant and a corporal of Co. I, 18th infantry were killed in a severe fight in Capiz province, Island of Panay.

It is reported Gen. De Wet attacked and defeated a large force of British cavalry at De Wet's Dorp, southeast of Bloemfontein, capturing 450 prisoners and a large quantity of ammunition and camp stores and inflicting heavy loss. The federal loss was two killed and four wounded. All is quiet with the other commandoes.

Masked men entered the house of Mrs. James Warrack, an aged widow near Barnesville, O. Her grandson ordered them to leave and in a scuffle young Warrack was shot and killed. The burglars then bound Mrs. Warrack and two young ladies and proceeded to ransack the house, but they secured only 6 cents.

Owing to heavy rains the whole of the Colorado river valley in Texas was covered with water the 5th. Great damage was done to crops and property, and a number of people are reported drowned. The costly power house at Austin, Tex., was undermined by the water and is a complete wreck. In Williamson county railroad bridges and trackage have been laid waste, hundreds of head of cattle were drowned and miles of fencing washed away.

Will Mosley, a special policeman, shot Charles Cecil, a deputy sheriff, at Middlebourg, Ky. The tragedy was the outcome of the bitter feeling between two factions.

MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Minn., April 7.

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 66@67c; No. 2 northern, 64@65c; May 65½c.

Corn—No. 3, 30c.

Cattle—Steers, $3.15@4.25; cows, $2.75@3.25.

Sheep—Mattons, $4.50; lambs $4.75.

Hogs—$5.00@5.20.

Butter—Creamery, extras, 22@23c; creamery, firsts, 20@21c; dairy, fancy, 19@20c.

Poultry—Turkeys, 8@10c; spring chickens 12c.

# ARE BADLY BEATEN.

## Big Force of British Cavalry Meets with Disaster.

## DEFEATED BY BOERS UNDER DE WET.

### Heavy Loss Inflicted and Over 400 Prisoners Taken—Big Movement by Lord Roberts Is Postponed.

Pretoria, Friday, April 6, via Lourenzo Marques.—It is reported that Gen. De Wet attacked and defeated a large force of British cavalry at De Wet's dorp, southeast of Bloemfontein, capturing 450 prisoners and a large quantity of ammunition and camp stores and inflicting heavy loss. The federal loss was two killed and four wounded. Adisquiet with the other commandoes.

**Roberts Forced to Remain Idle.**

London, April 9.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily News, telegraphing Friday, says: "Owing to a lack of horses and to the sufferings of the men from pneumonia, due to thin clothing, Lord Roberts has decided not to make a big move until the troops are provided with thicker uniforms.

**News Unsatisfactory.**

London, April 9.—When it is borne in mind that all the dispatches from the front are severely censored, there is little in the news to bring satisfaction to England. Assurances that nothing need be feared, even if the railways and telegraphs are cut and Bloemfontein isolated, together with the news that the ladies and other civilians are being ordered away, do not augur well.

There are rumors from Cape Town that the telegraph wires were already cut yesterday, and also that the hussars who were sent to the relief of the Royal Irish rifles are also missing, although probably these are the outcome of Boer exaggerations designed to encourage the burghers.

The attempt of Gen. Colville to catch the Boer leaders in conference at Reitfontein failed probably, as usual, because of the lack of cavalry.

The results of these serious checks to the British arms is that the whole Free State is up again, and that the Boers are full of activity over the entire field.

The Boers are boasting that the Colesberg and Stormberg commandoes numbering 6,000, with ten cannon and 250 wagons, have gotten safely through, thus performing a "magnificent strategic feat."

**Mafeking Still Besieged.**

Mafeking was still besieged on April 1. The garrison was suffering severely from lack of bread, and a mixture of oats, bran and mealies was doing duty for that article, which is described as "coarse in substance, of the color of gingerbread and of the consistency of Norwegian pine."

**Couldn't Be Found.**

Bethany, Saturday, April 9.—Gen. Gatacre's force has returned here without having found any trace of the ill-fated British column captured by the Reddersburg commando. It is impossible to estimate the British losses, but, as the men fought stubbornly, it is probable that these were large.

**Plucky But Futile Stand.**

Bethany, Orange Free State, Thursday, April 5.—The five companies of British infantry which were surprised by the Reddersburg commando while marching across the country via De Wet's dorp made a plucky stand, but, as the Boers had three field guns and the British none, the latter were compelled to surrender. Gen. Gatacre arrived too late. Reddersburg was already reoccupied by the Boers, and the enemy are now threatening the lines to the south.

**Boer Prisoners Escape.**

Cape Town, April 6.—A determined attempt to escape was made today by the Boer prisoners at Simonstown and 14 of them succeeded in getting away.

In the confusion one of the prisoners was killed and another was wounded. One man was recaptured, but about 14 are missing. Sentries have been placed at different parts of the town and the station is under military supervision.

Simonstown, Cape Colony, April 9.—It now appears that no fewer than 30 Boers escaped from the old camp Friday evening. Nine have since been recaptured. The prisoners effected their escape by cutting a fence under the sentry bridge, while the sentry was above. A driver of a sanitary cart was offered £200 to carry off the prisoners. A new tunnel has been discovered in the direction opposite to the former one. It had been completed to within five feet of the point for a breach.

**An Important Aspect.**

Maseru, Basutoland, April 5.—The reoccupation of Ladybrand, Thaba N'Chu and the Bloemfontein waterworks by the Boers, in the very sight of the Basutos, who recently witnessed the expulsion of the Boers by the British, is far the most important aspect of the situation here, in view of its probable effect upon the native mind. Already the natives are arguing that the British have suffered reverses, and, should the British evacuate Wepenor, the results, so far as the natives are concerned, are likely to prove disastrous. All hope to see Gen. Brabrant advance and drive the enemy before him.

**Trouble in Swaziland.**

Lourenzo Marques, Friday, April 6.—A runner who has just arrived here from Sobolo's Kraal, Swaziland, says Sobolo has been killed and his women have been tied up with ropes. Unrest is increasing in the country, which is in a most unsettled state, bordering on a reign of terror, in the absence of "white man's law." Many natives have been threatened, and in one district they have been completely killed off. A messenger from Bromersdorp, Swaziland, says the Boers are making presents to the queen, and are seeking permission to pass through Swaziland armed.

I WOULDN'T CARE IF HE DID STING ME.

## NOTED PAINTER DEAD.

### Frederick E. Church, the Famous Landscape Artist, Passes Away in New York.

New York, April 9.—Frederick Edwin Church, the famous painter of landscape, died Saturday at 22 Park avenue, in this city. He had been ill for a long time. He is survived by three sons and a daughter, Mrs. Church having died a year ago. The funeral will take place Tuesday morning and the burial will be in Hartford, Conn.

In many respects Frederick Edwin Church may be regarded as the founder of the American school of landscape painting. He had made his reputation before Bierstadt became famous, and in his day his works brought higher prices than those ever previously paid for pictures by American artists. Before he became known there were no landscape painters of prominence in this country. Mr. Church was born in Hartford, Conn., on May 4, 1826. He built a fine house at Catskill station in the late '60s. He was one of the few well-known artists who definitely retired from the active exercises of their profession after acquiring fortunes.]

**Student Killed.**

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 9.—Charles C. Shoyer, of Leavenworth, Kan., a junior literary student at the University of Michigan, was struck by a Michigan Central train Saturday afternoon and instantly killed. He was walking on the track and failed to hear the train.

**Post Office Robbed.**

Graham Station, N. C., April 9.—Burglars broke into the post office here about two o'clock Saturday morning, blew open the safe and stole about $600 in stamps and cash. No clew to the robbers has been discovered as yet.

**Five Perished.**

Richmond, Va., April 9. — News reached here that the house of a negro living at Claremont, on James river, was destroyed by fire, and five out of his family of seven children perished in the flames.

**Heavy Loss by Fire.**

Saratoga, N. Y., April 9.—The Sans Souci opera house block and the Schaffer building at Ballston Spa were burned Saturday. Loss, $150,000.

# CHEER THEIR QUEEN.

## Thousands of Children Attend a Fete in Dublin.

## A NOVEL SCENE IN PHOENIX PARK.

### Queen Victoria Reviews the Great Assemblage of Youngsters and Is Enthusiastically Received with Joyous Shouts.

Dublin, April 9.—The weather Saturday was milder and it did not rain. Queen Victoria spent an active day. After breakfast she drove out in a donkey carriage.

Children arrived in shoals throughout the morning from all parts of the country to attend the fete in Phoenix park.

The streets were full of picturesque processions of boys and girls, all the children carrying small union jacks, probably for the first time in their lives. They were in charge of priests, sisters and teachers.

During the afternoon her majesty drove from the viceregal lodge to Phoenix park and reviewed the children. It is estimated that from 35,000 to 40,000 youngsters were present. There was a remarkable demonstration. The queen, accompanied by the princesses, drove through the extended lines of children, bowing repeated acknowledgements of their joyous hurrahs. At about the center of the line a stand was erected which was occupied by the lady mayoress and others. A little girl presented the queen with a bouquet to which a card was attached bearing the inscription: "To Our Beloved Queen, from the Children of Ireland, Queen's Day, April 7, 1900."

After driving up and down the line several times amid ever-increasing cheering, her majesty returned to the vice regal lodge.

Dublin, April 9.—Sunday morning Queen Victoria attended service in the private chapel of the vice regal lodge, accompanied by the duke and duchess of Connaught, Princess Christian and Princess Henry of Battenberg. Her majesty selected the hymns sung by the choir, which came from St. Patrick's cathedral. The archbishop of Dublin preached.

In the afternoon, although the weather was unfavorable, the queen took her customary country drive, passing through Cabra, Finglas, Kilashane, Coppah and Blanchardstown, and through the beautiful valley of the Tolka. Everywhere she met with an enthusiastic reception. The rain to some extent marred the beauty of the drive; but large crowds awaited her majesty's return to Dublin and heartily cheered her.

Another incident is told of the queen's kindliness of heart. It appears that, owing to train delays, a party of children arrived Saturday too late for the children's reception. The queen, hearing of their disappointment through Lady Mayo, had them brought to the gates of the vice regal lodge Sunday and then drove slowly through their ranks on her way to the country drive, of course to their keen delight. The queen reiterated expressions of her extreme pleasure at the attendance Saturday of so many children. It is computed that quite 32,000 were present.

On the arrival Sunday morning at Tipperary of a train of excursionists from Dublin a large crowd, which had gathered at the railway hotel, hooted the excursionists, many of the girls being roughly handled and pelted with mud. Some had their clothes torn and others were even struck. Almost at the same time a rick of hay, the property of a firm who had given their employes a holiday to go to Dublin, was set on fire, and the rioters prevented any attempt to extinguish the flames. When the military brought the fire hose to the scene they found it had been cut in 20 places.

**Nethersole Warmly Greeted.**

New York, April 9.—From an audience that packed every available inch of room in the auditorium of Wallack's theater Miss Olga Nethersole Saturday night received one of the most remarkable and enthusiastic receptions that have ever been accorded to an actress in this city. The occasion was the representation of her play, "Sapho"—the first time it has been given since the trial which ended in her acquittal on the charge of maintaining a nuisance. When Miss Nethersole first came on the stage the audience rose and applauded for nearly ten minutes. All the actors and supernumeraries joined.

**Tidal Wave Causes Big Loss.**

Victoria, B. C., April 9.—A tidal wave carried away the new wharves of the Dunsmuier collieries at Ladysmith (Oyster Harbor), with a loss of $50,000, after backing up the waters of the bay. Eight loaded cars went with the long wharf and it will be a fortnight before the damages can be repaired. There were no fatalities.

**Anxious to Leave Manila.**

Madrid, April 9. — It is announced that the minister of war, Gen. Polavieja, has received an official dispatch from Manila announcing that many Spaniards residing at Manila desire to return to Spain "on account of the spreading of the Filipino insurrection in the Island of Luzon."

**New Minister of War.**

Rome, April 9.—Gen. Coriolano Penzea has been appointed minister of war, in succession to Lieut. Gen. Merri, who resigned in January.

**Capt. Codman Dead.**

Boston, April 9.—Capt. John Codman, the famous advocate of free ships and free trade, is dead, in his eighty-sixth year.

# DAM IS SWEPT AWAY

## Colorado River Flood Wrecks a Reservoir at Austin, Tex.

## POWER PLANT FALLS INTO THE RIVER

**Seventeen Lives Are Known to Have Been Lost—Many Persons Missing—Loss to Crops and Property Enormous.**

Austin, Tex., April 9. -- The great Austin dam gave away at noon Saturday before the floods of the Colorado river, spreading disaster in the lowlands of the city and points below here on the river. Seventeen persons are known to have perished, while a score or more are unaccounted for. The dam and power house just below, both of which are wrecked, were constructed seven years ago at a cost of $1,100,000. Great damage has been done to crops and property throughout the flooded section, which extends practically from Waco to San Antonio.

**Heavy Rains Bring Floods.**

The heavy rains of the last few days had caused a violent rise of the river, the flood bringing with it a vast quantity of wreckage. This mass bore too heavily on the dam, breaking it, and letting loose a reservoir of water 50 miles long, half a mile wide, and 60 feet deep. Eight workmen in the light and power plant, just below the dam, were the first to be drowned.

The breaking of the dam caused wild excitement in the city. The telegraph companies at once wired to places below here to look out for the wave and runners were dispatched on horses to notify those living in the valleys below the city. The telegraphic messages served as a timely warning to many, but the floods outstripped the horsemen and many houses were swept away before the occupants could be warned. Within a short time all the valleys to the south and west of Austin were filled to overflowing with water and the southern portion of the city tributary to the river was inundated. Large crowds collected on the river banks and several persons were swept into the river when the dam broke, but all were saved by boatmen.

**Many Missing.**

Thirty or more white people who were living just below the dam in tents were seen at their habitations just before the dam broke, and are as yet unaccounted for. One man, attempting to cross the roadway leading to the bridge across the river just as the big wave rolled down, was caught and, together with his horse and buggy, went down with the torrent. A family of six negroes living in the valley south of the city are known to have been drowned. It is estimated that more than 100 houses have been destroyed. The surface of the river throughout the day has been dotted by small houses or fragments of houses and drowned animals, all of which testify to the destruction in the mountain region above Austin.

**Railroad Train Wrecked.**

The International & Great Northern railroad and the Austin & Northwestern railroad have suffered severely. The south-bound cannon ball train from St. Louis on the International & Great Northern was wrecked at McNeil, nine miles above here, as a result of a washout. The engine and cars plunged into a culvert, demolishing the engine, the mail and baggage car, two day coaches and one sleeper. The cars left the track and rolled over on their sides in four feet of water. No lives were lost, nor were any of the few passengers badly hurt, as the train was running slowly at the time. The mail clerk was seriously bruised, while the engineer and fireman were slightly injured.

**Dimensions of the Dam.**

The dam which was wrecked was begun in 1890 and finished in 1893 at a cost, with the power-house, of $1,100,000. It was built to take 15 feet of water over its crest, and the fall occasioned by it has been called "The Second Niagara." In the construction Texas granite was used for both faces of the dam, and the core was made from limestone found 200 feet from the river banks. The dam formed a lake 25 miles long and covering an area of 2,000 acres. The length of the spillway was 1,000 feet, and the head gates and bulkheads measured 270 feet. The height of the dam from foundation to crest was 68 feet, thus raising the water 60 feet from low water mark. The power plant was situated just below the headgates on the east bank of the river, the side on which the city of Austin is located. Seven iron penstocks, each nine feet in diameter, were set in the headgate masonry to convey the water to the wheels. Four of these penstocks were used by the city for its electric light plant and waterworks, while the others were used by private manufacturers.

**Into the River.**

Austin, Tex., April 9.—The increased volume of water which came down the river Saturday night undermined the powerhouse at the dam at 1:30 Sunday morning and it fell into the river, carrying with it $300,000 worth of machinery.

Fully 20,000 people gathered at the dam and powerhouse to witness the ruins of the plant which cost this city $1,200,000 a few years ago. The waters of the Colorado river were still plunging and foaming around the wreck, eating away the big pile of granite which once formed the dam as though it was nothing more than chalkrock. So fierce was the current that great bowlders were carried half a mile from the dam, being rolled over and over by the turbulent tide. The powerhouse lies a mass of wreckage on the edge of the river, all the valuable machinery either having been thrown into the river or badly damaged by the falling timbers of the powerhouse. The wreck of the plant is complete. The situation in the city is most serious. The wreckage of the plant means that it will take several weeks to secure even a temporary water and light system if it can be made possible even then. In the meantime the city will be in a bad sanitary condition. All the hotels, private residences, stores and the like, are without water and there is no fire protection. Churches were unable to hold services Sunday night for want of light, and all public meetings were abandoned. The daily newspapers are handicapped in their publications, being deprived of their electric power.

**Everything Under Water.**

Reports from the neighboring country are to the effect that everything is under water. In Williamson county, north of here, railroad bridges and trackage have been laid waste and all trains have stopped running. Hundreds of head of cattle have been drowned and miles of fencing torn down and washed away. In Bastrop county and in the southern portion of this county similar conditions prevail, everything being under water, and much loss of property is reported. The country tributary to the Colorado river all the way down its course is being inundated, and while it is believed the worst is over, the loss as estimated will exceed $3,000,000, counting Austin as the largest loser.

**Disaster Is Widespread.**

Waco, Tex., April 9.—Reports of loss of life and damage caused by floods due to the incessant rains during the last three days continue to come from all directions, and indications point to a repetition of the disasters of last year. Both telegraphic and telephone service all over the state is prostrated, and details from the flooded districts are meager. All streams, notably the Brazos and Colorado rivers, are overflowing the lowlands and rising rapidly. Cotton and corn crops in some sections are submerged and will have to be replanted. Railway traffic is practically suspended on all railroads running into this city, owing to washouts along the lines.

**Rivers Falling.**

Houston, Tex., April 9.—As a rule the Texas rivers are now falling and there is not much danger of a general flood. The crops have been damaged over a wide area, but there is still time for farmers to replant if they can get the seed. Corn has been planted over once and will have to be planted the third time. The farmers as a rule have not planted much cotton, because the heavy rains have kept them out of the fields. The railroads have lost many small bridges, and it will be a week before traffic resumes its normal condition.

Smithville reports tremendous rains have fallen throughout that section, the main flood in the Colorado from the break in the great Austin dam reaching there Sunday evening. The river is on a 28-foot rise, and rising one foot an hour. It is estimated that over 5,000 acres of growing crops in the bottom lands within five miles of town have been inundated by from ten to fifteen feet. The loss will reach over $50,000. The stock has been drowned. No deaths have been reported in that section so far from drowning. Cameron reports the flood in Little river now equals that of last July. The waterworks and powerhouse have been overflowed. People were warned and no loss of life is reported. Brushy, San Gabriel and Little rivers are all overflowed, causing the entire destruction of all crops. The rivers are still rising. Reports from points on other rivers are of damage to crops, but no loss of life.

# OTIS RELIEVED.

**Term of Service as Military Governor of Philippines—MacArthur to Succeed Him.**

Washington, April 9.—Gen. Elwell S. Otis has been formally relieved of command of the troops in the Philippines and Gen. MacArthur will succeed him in the direction of affairs in the new possessions. From the text of the correspondence made public by the war department all idea of Gen. Otis returning to Manila is abandoned and Gen. MacArthur is to be the military governor. It has been known for some time that Gen. Otis was to leave the Philippines. It has been the impression that he was to be granted a leave of absence as soon as he could put affairs in such shape as to be able to leave them until about October, when he might return.

The correspondence between Gen. Otis and the war department, however, leaves it to be inferred that Gen. Otis does not desire to go back to Manila, but has no request to make regarding his future sphere of duty.

**Murderer Confesses.**

Fort Wayne, Ind., April 9.—Near Auburn Saturday night Ves Steel was shot and killed by William Davis. The latter had been attentive to Steel's wife and Steel had threatened to make trouble. Saturday night Steel went to call on a neighbor, and as he was entering the door he was shot through the heart. Bloodhounds were put on the trail and brought up at the door of Davis' house, some miles away. Davis was immediately arrested and confessed to the murder.

**Changed His Name.**

New York, April 9.—Judge Swayne in the circuit court at Newark, N. J., granted the application permitting William Booth, the 12-year-old son of Gen. and Mrs. Ballington Booth, to change his name to Charles Brandon Booth.

**Killed by Stepson.**

Mount Vernon, Ill., April 9.—George W. Roberts, a prominent farmer of this vicinity, was killed by his stepson, Hardy Hughey. The cause for the killing is unknown. Hughey is under arrest.

# HE DEFIES ENGLAND.

## Russia Has No Fear of Queen Victoria's Armed Forces.

**Count Mouravieff, the Czar's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Objects to Lord Salisbury's Protest Against Russia's Advances.**

In reply to a communication, asking him for his opinion concerning the Russian advance into Afghanistan and Persia, Count Mouravieff, Russian minister of foreign affairs, returned the following answer to the Chicago Tribune:

"Why should England protest or make a fuss because Russia has massed troops at Kushk and taken a foothold in Persia? We are at home. England has nothing to say about what we are doing within the limits of our own domain.

"As for Persia, she is not, so far as I know, a vassal state of Great Britain. She is free to grant concessions for railroads to whomsoever it seems good to her, and to contract loans with whomsoever she pleases. Nothing in all that concerns the English.

"But had not England been uncomfortably engaged in South Africa she might not have let these things pass without saying something, for she is a great talker.

"Unhappily, or happily, as you prefer, Russia is a power devoted entirely to works of peace. Our emperor is pacific, our people are pacific. We are all pacific. The puissant monarch who took the initiative in The Hague conference owes it to himself, owes it to Europe and to the world, not to let loose war without extreme necessity.

"The question that every one here is asking himself is: Can we passively assist at the complete crushing of the Dutch population of South Africa? And it will be necessary to answer it. For above the interest of peace lies the interest of humanity. It is impossible to disguise it; the war which the English are making against

COUNT DE MOURAVIEFF.
(Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs and the Czar's Friend.)

the Boers is essentially a war against humanity. In this regard what our emperor will decide I cannot say, or even know, at present. But he will decide something, for his heart bleeds at the sight of what is happening in South Africa. If he takes his time in deciding it is because his decision will be of great weight for Europe and for the world.

"Whatever the emperor decides, Russia will carry it out—and without fear of the English fleet, even admitting that it be what the English proclaim it to be, invincible, than which nothing is less certain, because nothing is less proved. And we have even less fear of the British army.

"This army, commanded by the most famous chiefs, cannot whip the Boers, who are only peasants improvised into soldiers, and three times less numerous than their foe. The easy reputation it has acquired in the course of wars undertaken against half savage populations has suddenly vanished when it found itself before white soldiers and commanded in European style.

"If England were to have a war with Russia she would be irreversably lost. There is not a shadow of doubt about that. Or we shall not go to seek her out in her island, where, anyway, she is stilling. But we shall know enough to strike her where she is most vulnerable, in India—within our reach.

"I believe she will surely defend herself with all her strength, but that she will no less surely succumb. The day the Russian avalanche, rolling from the heights of the Pamire, crashes down upon India with daedal force, Britannic domination in the vast empire of the east will be at an end."

**Loosening Glass Stoppers.**

The Manufacturing Jeweler suggests that when a ground glass stopper sticks fast in a bottle the safest plan for loosening it is to wrap a long strip of rag around the neck of the bottle, over which a stream of boiling water should be poured. If the glass is very thick begin with warm water, then use hot, and finally boiling, or the glass will crack. Then the rag can be taken off, when the neck of the bottle will have sufficiently expanded to allow the stopper to be withdrawn. Sometimes it is necessary to repeat the operation, which, except in very bad cases, is invariably successful. One must not wait too long after applying the water, lest the heat also extend to the stopper and swell that.

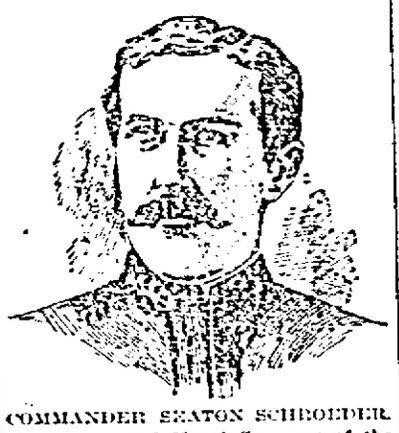
**Searching for Danger.**

The British government keeps 11 vessels at work sounding and charting the ocean beds to find out where dangers lurk. Last year 10,000 square miles were carefully chartered in different parts of the wordld—Asia, Africa and the South Pacific

# GUAM'S NEW GOVERNOR.

**Commander Seaton Schroeder Appointed by the Secretary of the Navy to Succeed Leary.**

The interest with which the islet of Guam has been favored since the Spanish war has appeared to be due rather to Capt. Leary, its picturesque naval governor, than to any claim that the bit of sand itself has been able to make to fame. Now the dispatches tell us that the natives are to be entrusted to a new governor, Commander Seaton Schroeder. Capt. Leary is coming home at his own request, and it is said to be due to his energy in putting the



COMMANDER SEATON SCHROEDER.
(Just Appointed Naval Governor of the Island of Guam.)

island's affairs into good condition that the navy department now entrusts the post to an officer of lower rank. The Washington correspondent of the Associated Press says:

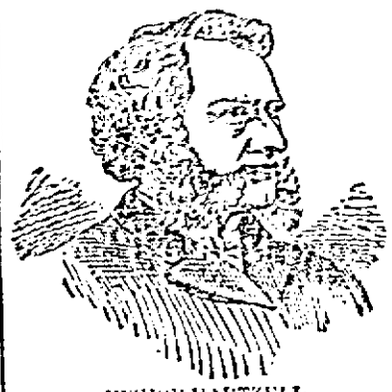
"The navy department expects a great future for Guam in a commercial way. Besides being a naval station, all the Pacific army transports are expected hereafter to touch at the island on the voyage to and from Manila, the projected Pacific cable will have a station there, a mercantile coaling station will, it is thought, soon be established, and this will attract merchant vessels, so that Guam will become a regular port of call for the shipping in the eastern seas. Commander Schroeder expects to sail on the Solace from San Francisco for Guam about the middle of May, and will relieve Capt. Leary before July."

During the war with Spain Commander Schroeder was executive officer of the battleship Massachusetts. He was appointed to Annapolis by President Lincoln in 1861, at the age of 15, entering at the same time as Commander Wainwright, the present superintendent of the academy, who was also one of President Lincoln's appointees. Wainwright and Schroeder were close friends, and soon after graduation Schroeder married Wainwright's sister. Commander Schroeder will take his wife and children to Guam with him, it is said, and they expect to remain there at least two years.

# ON HIS WAY HOME.

**Bishop Hartzell Will Visit America After Four Years of Hard Work in Darkest Africa.**

Bishop Joseph Hartzell, who is en route to America to attend the Methodist mission and general conference to be held in Chicago in May, after four years of missionary work in South Africa, has devoted most of his life to the elevation of the negro. As early as 1870 he began this work among the colored people of the south, when he went to New Orleans as pastor of Ames Methodist Episcopal church. His devotion to the interest of the negro resulted in the general conference selecting him as bishop for Africa, and on December 9, 1896, he sailed from New York to assume charge of his



BISHOP HARTZELL.
(Now Returning from Africa to Attend the Methodist Conference.)

far-away diocese, in which he has accomplished so much good. Bishop Hartzell was born in Moline, Ill., in 1842, and was graduated at Illinois Wesleyan university and the Biblical institute. In 1868 he entered the Methodist ministry and began preaching at Pekin, Ill. After two years there he went south and took up the work which is so dear to him. In 1872 he was chosen assistant secretary of the Freedman's Aid and Southern Educational Society of the Methodist Episcopal church—an organization which devotes its energies to the intellectual, social and religious elevation of the colored people of the south. After four years in this important work he was placed in full charge as secretary in 1880. During his early work in the south the bishop had a wise counselor and efficient helper in the person of his wife. Although the yellow fever was raging during the first year they spent in New Orleans, the wife did not falter, although two children, a son and a daughter, succumbed to the dread disease.

**Quick Trip by Balloon.**

Three Prussian army officers have made a quick trip from Berlin to Prague in a balloon. They left at two o'clock in the afternoon and came down at five o'clock, having risen to an altitude of 10,000 feet for a part of the journey. The fastest express train takes seven hours to cover the distance.

# WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

**Municipal Elections.**

The result of the municipal elections throughout Wisconsin were as follows:

Republican mayors were elected in Hudson, Durand, Waupun, Elroy, Elkhart, Mauston, Sparta, New Lisbon, Marinette, Columbus, Monroe, Darlington, Delavan, Waukesha, Black River Falls, Wausau, Neenah, Menominee, Green Bay, Superior, Beloit, Rhinelander, Janesville, Ripon, Marshfield, Hayward, Elkhorn, New Richmond, Viroqua, Stoughton and Portage.

Democratic mayors were elected in Grantsburg, Hartford, Sheboygan Falls, Plymouth, Fox Lake, Chilton, Mineral Point, Watertown, Alma, Beaver Dam, Edgerton, Eagle, Mazomanie, Baraboo, Fort Atkinson, Chippewa Falls, Medford, Cumberland, Madison, Appleton and Racine.

Citizens' tickets were elected in Pennimore, Thorp, Cedarburg, Kilbourn, Waterloo, Lodi, Horicon, Algoma, Kewaunee, Merrill, Rhinelander, Burlington, Hartland, Boyd, Broadhead, Lake Geneva, Omro, Port Washington, Richland Center, West Bend, Reedsburg and Evansville.

Four circuit judges were elected, all without opposition, as follows: Fifth circuit, George Clementson, Lancaster; Sixth circuit, Orvis B. Wyman, Viroqua; Eleventh circuit, A. J. Virgo, Superior, Twelfth circuit, B. F. Dunwiddie, Janesville.

**Over a Century Old.**

Mrs. Julia Duplici, of Bateman, attained the remarkable age of 101 years on March 22. Mrs. Duplici was born in 1799 in Canada and has resided in Chippewa Falls and vicinity for 32 years. She has been a widow for 51 years, her husband having died in the state of New York. She was the mother of ten children, four of whom are still living, eighteen grandchildren, 21 great-grandchildren and two great-great-grandchildren live.

**Crop Outlook.**

The chief of the climate and crop division of the weather bureau reports the crop condition in Wisconsin as follows:

Snowfall during winter uneven; central counties generally well covered, but in northwest and southern practically no protection; temperature changes and prevalence of ice in lakes during March unfavorable for winter grains and clover; winter wheat generally in poor condition; rye and clover fair; no farm work done; soil frozen to a depth of from one to four feet.

**New Lumber Railway.**

T. J. McGrath has closed a contract in Green Bay for the construction of a new line of railroad to be built for the John Arpin Lumber company. It will be about 20 miles long, extending from Bruce, Chippewa county, through a thickly wooded country. About 12 miles will be built this year. A crew of from 150 to 200 men will be put to work soon.

**Will Be Prosecuted.**

One hundred doctors in the state practicing in violation of the licensor registry law will be prosecuted. Dr. Hervey B. Dale, president of the state board of medical examiners, states that the board has no alternative but to prosecute these men and that this will be done as soon as evidence can be collected. The delinquents are scattered all over the state.

**The News Condensed.**

The B. Wild factory of the American Biscuit company, located in Fond du Lac, will be closed down after May 1.

John Arquette, who was recently acquitted in Janesville of the charge of arson, has brought suit against Rock county for $10,000.

The Spanish cannon allotted to Madison by the war department has arrived and it will shortly be placed in position in the capital park.

Henry Schmedeman, former assistant postmaster, died in Madison. He was 37 years old and unmarried.

The gross receipts of the post office at Portage for the past year were $10,187.02, which entitles the city to a free delivery system.

Fire in Fond du Lac destroyed the store of the Dewey Mercantile company, entailing a loss of $7,000.

Mrs. Bozzard, aged 86 years, one of the oldest settlers of Sauk county, and widow of John Bozzard, died in Baraboo. She was born in Germany and came to Wisconsin before it was admitted into the union.

The Spanish cannon obtained for La Crosse arrived without notice to anybody. It is ten feet long and ten inches in diameter at the breech. It is dated Seville, 12th October, 1787.

Andrew Anderson, a woodsman who had been in a hospital in Ashland because of a broken leg, committed suicide by cutting his throat.

Capt. John Tetard died at Crested Butte, Col. He was one of the best known of the early settlers of Southern Wisconsin, and was the first man to run a boat out of Kenosha on Lake Michigan.

The first rural delivery established in Sauk county is on Sauk prairie, a circuit of about 27 miles.

W. J. Brewster, captain of company A, Third regiment, Wisconsin national guard, died at Neillsville. He was in Porto Rico with his company during the war with Spain.

The great immigration movement to the west and northwest is sending a considerable stream of new settlers into northern Wisconsin.

The signal service bureau has announced that an iron signal tower will be placed at Bayfield for storm and weather signals, to be equipped with electricity for night signals.

The body of Fred E. Springstead, private of company D, First Colorado volunteers, who was killed in the Philippines, was buried at Antigo.

The will of Clapp Miner, of Kenosha, leaves an estate of $100,000 to his daughter, Mrs. Mark Knapp.

The post office at King's Corners has been discontinued.

Mrs. Margaret Reid, 22 years of age, died at Marshfield from the shock of a surgical operation.

The jury in the case of Pasquali Viti, who was tried in Kenosha on the charge of murdering Antonio Bruno, found the prisoner not guilty.

# MANY SKIRMISHES.

**American Troops and Filipino Insurgents Engage in a Number of Encounters.**

Manila, Sunday, April 8.—Reports of encounters between the American troops and the insurgents continue to arrive from many points. On Friday Capt. Sturgis, while reconnoitering, struck an insurgent outpost on the Novaliches road, five miles distant from Manila, killing two and capturing ten. All were in full uniform. Unfortunately Capt. Sturgis' force was not large enough to pursue the main body. A detachment of the Forty-second infantry, while scouting in Laguna province, was pursued by the insurgents and obliged to take refuge in a church at Pacto, where the Americans repelled the rebels until reinforcements arrived. Lieut. Gordon, with a company of the Sixteenth infantry, while scouting near Aparri, Cagayan province, engaged 250 insurgents. Lieut. Gordon was wounded. A sergeant and a corporal of company I, Eighteenth infantry, were killed in a severe fight in Capiz province, island of Panay. The insurgents made a night attack upon Calbayon, island of Samar. They killed the sentry, swarmed into the town, and searched the house of Maj. Gilmore, of the Forty-third infantry, who was absent. They killed his cook. Ultimately the Americans drove them out of the town, killing four and capturing 12.

Gen. Young, commanding in North Luzon, has made several requests for reenforcements, representing that his force is inadequate, that the men are exhausted by the necessity of constant vigilance, that he is unable to garrison the towns in his jurisdiction, that the insurgents are returning to the district and killing the amigos, and that it is necessary for him to inflict punishment in several sections before the rainy season begins. Gen. James Bell, who is commanding in southern Luzon, has made similar representations. He says his forces are inadequate and that he merely holds a few towns, without controlling the territory.

The president of the town of Sinal, province of Batanes, Luzon, and another prominent native, have been assassinated because they were known to be friendly to the Americans. The president of another town has joined the insurgents because they had threatened to kill him if he did not.

# JESUIT MISSIONS.

**Senator Vest, of Missouri, Pays Tribute to Catholic Work Among the Indians.**

Washington, April 8.—During a part of the entire session of the senate Saturday an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill offered by Senator Jones providing for the continuance of the government's employment of the contract Indian schools, in certain circumstances, was under consideration. The debate took a wide range, the whole question of sectarian schools being gone over at length. The notable feature of the discussion was an eloquent speech delivered in support of the amendment by Senator Vest. The amendment was pending when the senate adjourned, the whole vote upon it disclosing that no quorum was present.

**Department Store Burned.**

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 9.—For the second time in three years the extensive department store of Joseph Horne & Co., at the corner of Fifth street and Penn avenue, is in ruins. Shortly after midnight Saturday Policeman Sylvester Doyle discovered flames issuing from the windows of the eighth floor, and inside of an hour the big eight-story structure was completely gutted, entailing a loss of over $[illegible]. If the building, which was supposed to be fireproof, proves to be so badly warped as to necessitate a new structure, the loss will be nearly $[illegible].

**Denial by Mrs. Dewey.**

New York, April 9.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: With the consent of the admiral, Mrs. Dewey made this formal statement Saturday: "A correspondent said I am responsible for my husband becoming a presidential candidate. So far from this being the case, I attempted to persuade him from this course, realizing the grave anxieties and responsibilities surrounding a candidate."

**May Run for Vice President.**

Chicago, April 9.—It is learned through the national democratic headquarters that preparations are being made to boom former Gov. Robert Emory Pattison, of Pennsylvania, as candidate for vice president at the Kansas City convention. Democratic officials here are not willing to be quoted for publication, but they admit Mr. Pattison would be a strong candidate.

**Sentenced to Death.**

Berlin, April 9.—Contrary to popular expectation the trial of Geczi and his wife, the Hungarians who in August, 1897, murdered the wealthy widow and daughter of Herr Schulze, the multimillionaire of this city, was concluded Saturday evening. The accused were sentenced to death.

**Appeal Is Granted.**

Frankfort, Ky., April 9.—Chief Justice Hazelrigg, of the court of appeals, Saturday afternoon granted a writ of error from the decision of the court of appeals to the supreme court of the United States in the contest over the offices of governor and lieutenant governor.

**Paper Mills Burned.**

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 9.—Deckwell Brother's large paper mills at Forster's station, four miles west of Ann Arbor, burned Sunday, and 25 families, which depended upon the mills for a living, are thrown out of employment. The loss will reach $10,000 with but $4,000 insurance.

# THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

Entered at the Postoffice at Rhinelander, Wis. as second class matter.

Dewey was determined when he sailed the Eastern seas:
Dewey was a hero when on furlough and at ease,
Dewey won a widow who was struck on fame and dress,
And he never will recover from the jolting of the press.

### BRADFORD GAINING FAVOR.

We take pleasure in publishing the following deserved compliment to Hon. Ira B. Bradford, who seeks, and, to all appearances, is in the lead for the Republican gubernatorial nomination. It appeared in a recent issue of the Jackson County Journal, published at Black River Falls.

"There has been a strong sentiment in favor of Hon. Ira B. Bradford, of Augusta, to head the Republican state ticket. This sentiment is growing and gaining strength daily. Not only is this true in this county and district, but quite generally throughout the state. It is a fact that no man whose name has been announced in connection with the gubernatorial honors, recieves more favorable comment throughout the state by press and public than he. This, however, is not difficult to account for, when one considers that there are none who possess to a higher degree two of the most essential elements to success—qualification and experience, linked together with honesty of purpose. These essential elements belong to Mr. Bradford, and are part of him. They are elements that make the man of today, and they are the elements that should go to fill the positions of public trust. This is the kind of a man the Republicans of the Seventh congressional district are urging and desire to see nominated to head the Republican state ticket this fall, and to elect to the high honor of governor of the state of Wisconsin."

### OUR STATE SENATOR.

Senator D. E. Riordan's successor will be chosen by the people of this district at the coming election and no mention of any name has been made for the position other than that of the Senator. Mr. Riordan deserves a re-election at the hands of a district he has so well served. His influence in the Senate is excelled by no first term member. He is a factor in the committees and on the floor, and on all questions of importance to his district he has faithfully, intelligently and with effect, represented the people of his district. He was one of the eight who loyally stood by Judge Webb to the end of the Senatorial contest. He will be of even more influence in the next senate and the Republicans of this Senatorial district will honor themselves by honoring him with a nomination by acclamation.

The First congressional district has an aspirant for gubernatorial honors in the person of Senator John M. Whitehead. He will go into the convention with the solid support of his district, 112 delegates strong. The Senator won an enviable record as a member of the upper branch of the state legislature. The Janesville Gazette announces his candidacy in quite a conspicuous boom.

A. R. Hall, of Dunn county, announces the fact of his retirement from politics. He has served five successive terms in the Assembly. He was successful, with the assistance of his friends, the enemy, in carrying through his one pet measure, the anti-pass law. He will sink into oblivion with contentment in his heart.

Dewey has done brilliantly for his country, but it is doubtful if any of his great achievments gave the real rest and peace of mind to thousands like his wife's presidential ideas. It called the hair trigger newspaper's attention from the Porto Rico bill for a few days.

The Wausau Record favors sending Hon. Isaac Stephenson to the Republican national convention as one of the delegates at large. If Mr. Stephenson wishes to have the honor, he should have the solid support of the district.

The putting of ex-Queen Lilinokalani on the pension list at $10,000. per year does not necessarily imply that she is a $10,000. beauty.

The election of Rose as mayor of Milwaukee is a political tomb in the ranks of the "reform" element of the Republican party.

# TO SETTLE IN ONEIDA CO

[Continued from first page.]

pose of looking the country over with a view of locating. Hereafter he will visit us once a week and each time expects to bring some newcomers.

The four farmers who arrived last week, looked the situation over carefully and returned to their Illinois homes to get their families, expecting to return in the course of a few weeks. The journey back will be overland, covering a period of two or three weeks.

Mr. Morley, who formerly resided in Rhinelander, expresses himself as believing that the coming summer will witness the greatest influx of settlers ever experienced in the history of northern Wisconsin. Our undeveloped resources and the cheapness of land is becoming widely known. This is due in a great measure to the liberal advertising the Wisconsin valley has received during the past six months. Northern Wisconsin wants all the settlers it can get and has all the necessary inducements requisite to securing them.

### A Literary Entertainment.

An opportunity will be afforded to spend an hour of laughter and literary entertainment at the Baptist church, Saturday evening, April 14, at 8 p. m. You will be entertained in an highly artistic and finished manner by the skilled impersonator, Edwin Barker, who is recommended as master of his profession. His rendition of "David Copperfield" and other monologue plays are considered superb.

Poets, preachers, bishops, bankers, professors and press people proclaim his praise. Here are lessons in elocution for teachers and speakers.

Admission 25 cents. Children under twelve years, 15 cents.

### For Sale.

Five city lots and a forty acre farm one mile from Court House, also five young head of stock.

C. PAUST.

### Easter Holiday Excursions.

One fare and one third for round trip between all stations on the Soo line, April 13th and 14th. Return limit of April 16th.

### For sale.

Frame house, two story, containing sixteen rooms, located one block from Rapids House. For sale at a reasonable price. Terms easy. Inquire of E. P. Brennan. tf

### Cows For Sale.

I have sixteen head of Jersey cattle which I will sell cheap to dispose of them, having undertaken a logging job this winter which will require all my time. Call early and make selection.

BARNEY MORAN.

### For Town Assessor.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of assessor of the town of Pelican to the voters thereof and if nominated and elected promise to perform the duties to the satisfaction of all.

JOHN O'HARE.

### Notice.

My wife, Mrs. Julia Holtz left my bed and board without just cause and provocation, I hereby warn all persons from giving her credit on my account, as I will pay no bills contracted by her after this date.

JOS. HOLTZ.

Dated, Rhinelander, Wis., March 28, 1900. p-6-5.

### A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

3m-J.e11. J. J. BEARDSEY.

### Farm Lands For Sale.

5,000 acres of cut over lands for sale in 37-7 and SE. These are good fair farm lands and has not been burned so as not to impoverish the soil. I will sell in any quantity to suit the purchaser at from $1.50 to $3.00 per acre. Titles are perfect. Taxes all paid. No tax titles. Enquire of

F8-My3 E. S. SHEPARD

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received by the Wisconsin River Driving association at its office at Merrill, Wis., for driving all logs that may be turned over to the said company for the season of 1900 between Lake Vieux Desert and Rhinelander on the main Wisconsin river and between Rhinelander and Tomahawk. Said bids to be opened March 20th.

The right to reject any and all bids reserved.

WISCONSIN RIVER DRIVING ASSOCIATION. By H. H. FOSTER, Sec'y.

### Notice to Wood Owners.

I have purchased, and will have in operation by the first of April, a gasoline power sawing machine for cutting wood and will contract to saw wood in lots of from one cord up at a less rate than the man with the buck can do it for you. The engine is operated by gasoline—NO WOOD IS BURNED. Bear this in mind. Let me hear from you either by telephone call 57-5 or by letter.

A. METTAYER.
French's Restaurant.

### Call for Ninth Congressional District Republican Convention.

The Republican district convention for the Ninth Congressional District is hereby called to convene at Hurley, Iron County, Wisconsin on the 20th day of April, 1900, at 2 p. m. for the purpose of selecting two delegates to represent said district in the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia the 19th day of June, 1900. Each county in district will be entitled to representation on the basis of one delegate for each 500 votes, or major fraction cast for the Republican Presidential candidate in 1896. The representation will be as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ashland | 5 | Marathon | 8 |
| Iron | 2 | Oconto | 6 |
| Clark | 7 | Oneida | 2 |
| Florence | 1 | Price | 3 |
| Forest | 1 | Shawano | 6 |
| Langlade | 5 | Taylor | 5 |
| Lincoln | 3 | Vilas | 3 |
| Marinette | 9 | | |

A. L. GUNDRY,
Chairman Republican Congressional District Committee.

Hurley, Wis., March 6, 1900.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.,
March 19, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander Wis., on May 5, 1900, viz: James Cairnes, who made H. E. No. 7475 for the NE¼ SW¼ NW¼ SE¼ and Lots 1 and 6, Sec. 31, T. 36 North, R. 8 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter Keller, Emory Hamlin, Peder Christenson, Will in Hebel, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHITLOCK, Register.
Gmar29 may3.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.,
March 27, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on May 12, 1900, viz: John Ennis who made H. E. No. 9329 for the SW¼, Sec. 10, T. 36 N. R. 11 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Henry Graef, of Monico, Wis., John J. Lyons and Albert Miller, of Rhinelander, Wis., Philip Singer, of Monico, Wis. EDGAR T. WHITLOCK, Register.
Gmar28May3.

### Timber Land Act June 3, 1878.—Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Wausau, Wis., March 27, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land State by act of August 4, 1892, Edith Kelley, of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 110, for the purchase of the NW¼ SE¼ of Section No. 11 in Township No. 37 North, Range No. 9 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wisconsin, on Friday, the 8th day of June, 1900.

She names as witnesses: Archie Stewright, S. Kelley, D. T. Mattison, Eugene Estes, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of June, 1900.

EDGAR T. WHITLOCK, Register.
10w-m28-may31.

### IN CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

JOHN W. EMERSON AND DAVID W. EMERSON, Plaintiffs,
vs.
THE UNKNOWN HEIRS OF ROBERT R. LANGDON AND THE UNKNOWN OWNERS OF THE SW¼ OF SW¼, Sec. 28, T. 36, R. 8 E. THE NW¼ NE¼, SEC. 32, T. 36, R. 8 E. AND THE NW¼ OF NW¼, SEC. 32, T. 36, R. 8 E., Defendants.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN:—To the said Defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is here with served upon you.

JAMES O'LEARY, Plaintiff Attorney.
P. O. Address Tomahawk, Lincoln Co., Wis.
6w-f22-a6.

### CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

STEVENS LUMBER COMPANY, A CORPORATION, Plaintiff,
vs.
JOHN GOSKIN, Defendant.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, to the said Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, Oneida county, Wisconsin.

S. H. ALTAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wis. 6w-p28-May5.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.,
March 16, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on April 21, 1900, viz: Julius Peter who made H. E. No. 7505 for the Lots 4 and 5, Sec. 21, T. 38 North R. 8 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Mohr, of Rhinelander, Wis., Joseph Bisk, of Rhinelander, Wis., William Peter, of Hazelhurst Junction, Wis., Albert Peter, of Hazelhurst Junction, Wis. EDGAR T. WHITLOCK, Register.
5t-m15-a19.

### Notice of Drawing Jurors.

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of March, 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at my office in the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wisconsin, I shall pursuant to law, proceed to draw the names of thirty-six (36) persons to serve as Petit Jurors at the next general term of Circuit court for Oneida county, commencing on the First Monday after the First Tuesday in April, 1900, being the 9th day of the month.

Dated, March 12th, 1900.

E. C. SPERDEVANT, Clerk Circuit Court, Oneida County, Wis.
21-m13-m26.

### TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.
### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Wausau, Wis., Jan. 23, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Bertha Emmerling, of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 103, for the purchase of the N½ NE¼ of Section No. 8 in Township No. 38 N, Range No. 8 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Thursday, the 5th day of April, 1900. She names as witnesses: John Goodrose, John Boland, Mike Ryan, Herman Hirschotter, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claim in this office on or before said 5th day of April, 1900. EDGAR T. WHITLOCK, Register.
10f12-m29

### Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Wausau, Wis., Feb. 10, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Matt Stapleton, of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 109, for the purchase of the NW¼ NE¼ of Section No. 12, in Township No. 36 N., Range No. 11 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Friday, the 4th day of May, 1900. He names as witnesses: George Lyons, John Ennis, John Barnes, Archie Stewright, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 4th day of May, 1900. EDGAR T. WHITLOCK, Register.
10f15-a19


# ONEIDA HOUSE

GUS HORN, Prop.

Transients will find it to their advantage to give this house a trial.

Rates, - One Dollar per Day

IF
THE WEAK,
THE NERVOUS,
THE DYSPEPTIC,

or those having bad livers, weak kidneys, catarrh or other ills could have more life and vigor these abnormal conditions would disappear. If you are troubled you can be cured by breathing

# COMPOUND OXYGEN.

For fuller particulars and book containing much valuable information and hundreds of testimonials from prominent people, Address,

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,
1112 Girard St., Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTE.—Our services as physicians free to our patients. 1my26

## LABOR
vs.
## TOBACCO TRUST.

It Will Pay Every Laboring Man to Read This

Are you a tobacco user? If so, what brand of plug have you in your pocket now? These questions are addressed to every laboring man in the United States. Was the tobacco you are using made by a trust? If you do not know you can find out by inquiring. Will you take the trouble? Do you know that you, the laboring men of the country, can kill the Trusts inside of a year if you will be consistent? How? By thinking the next time you buy and insisting on getting a brand made by an independent concern. If you will buy one of the following brands of plug tobacco you will help kill the trust: Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rice and Shine and Thrasher.

Paste this list in your hat. These tobaccos are made by Union labor in a Union shop at Union prices. The makers, the Wilson McCallay Tobacco Co., Middletown, Ohio, have never had a strike in their shop during 20 years of business. Is this a record worth supporting?

# EDISON'S PHONOGRAPH

Better than a Piano, Organ, or Music Box, for it sings and talks as well as plays, and don't cost as much. It reproduces the music of any instrument—band or orchestra—tells stories and sings—the old familiar hymns as well as the popular songs—it is always ready. Prices, $7.50 to $100.00. See that Mr. Edison's signature is on every machine. Catalogues of all dealers, or NATIONAL PHONOGRAPH CO., 135 Fifth Ave., New York.

# N. J. KNOPE & CO.,

## MERCHANT TAILORS.

A Large and Elegant New Stock.

DRESS SUITS A SPECIALTY.

Ashton's Old Stand, Post Office Building.

Rhinelander, Wis.

WE SELL
CHASE & SANBORN'S FAMOUS BOSTON COFFEES

# The Corner Grocery!

B. L. HORR, Prop.

Cresota Flour, Creamery and dairy butter, the best in the land, always fresh and sweet. The freshest of fresh eggs received daily. Vegetables—new lettuce, radishes, carrots, beets, parsnips, etc. Cranberries, fancy Jerseys. Cranberries will soon be out of the market. Please bear in mind that we are headquarters for fruits of all kinds. Standards and Selects can always be had at the Corner Grocery.

Call and See Us in Our New Place.

New Stock of Cigars, Tobaccos, Candies Stationery, School Books and Supplies, second to none.

The Camera Season is about to open. We have a new supply of photographic materials—everything needed by Amateurs.

ASHTON BUILDING, Davenport Street, Rhinelander. S. H. & W. H. ASHTON.

# INNES BROS.

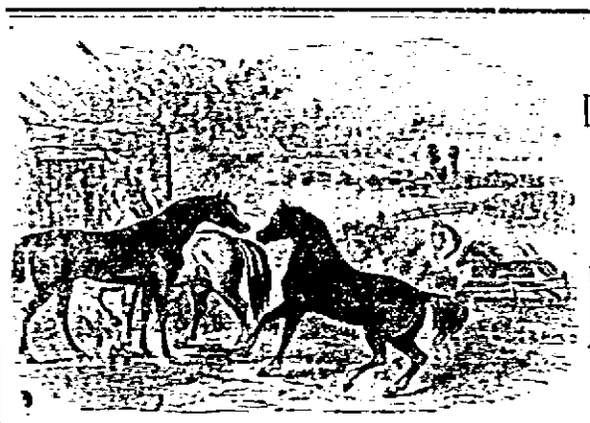
Practical Plumbing, Steam Fitting, Gas Lighting Heating.

Sewer and Water Pipe at reasonable prices

Outside Orders given Prompt Attention

A Postal Card Order Will Receive Immediate Reply

38 Brown St. RHINELANDER, WIS.



D. HAMMEL & CO.
—Dealers in—
HORSES

A. M. ROGERS, Resident Manager.
RHINELANDER, WIS

Don't Let Beer Get The Best Of You!

—Get the Best of BEER Which is—

# Rhinelander Beer!

Rhinelander Brewing Co.

A Good Cigar in Hand

is worth any number of poor ones. People judge a man by his cigars as much sometimes as by his clothes. If you dress well and smoke cigars you are justly condemned by your friends. Come to the old reliable place and without paying more money get the best value and highest quality.

Opp. P. O. C. D. BRONSON.

Call and see me when in need of

# Up-to-Date Tailoring!

A. C. DANIELSON,
Brown Street, Rhinelander, Wis.

## AN EASTER SOLO

By Manda L. Crocker.

HE SANG for years at Joy Memorial, but one Sabbath morning people missed him and they never knew why or whither he had gone.

She closed her eyes to take a mental inventory of the day, which had been a peculiarly hard one. Soft, fluffy rings of curling hair, escaping their leash, straggled down around the patient face, now very grave.

All day she had smiled back to happy faces drifting in and vaguely wondered which carried sincerity with it and which meant to deceive.

There had been an order for roses, heliotrope and palms that had quite upset her nerves. It was a wedding and, somehow, before she knew, great tears were shining on the beauteous blossoms. Such a start as it gave her, to be sure; but the bride would never know.

Toward evening she had two orders for church decorations, and one of these made her homesick. It was for Joy Memorial's chancel rail.

It was now quite dark, and Bernice was nodding in the little chair over by the window. Joyce Carroll cut the inventory squarely across by opening her eyes and beginning again where she had left off.

"Nothing but leaves; nothing but rubbish!" she said, taking up a whisk and turning on the light.

Bernice roused up from her nap, rubbed her sleepy eyes with her pink palms and came over to where the meditative florist was "putting things to right." "Mamma," she yawned, "I'm awfully tired 'cause everybody hurried so to-day. What's everybody's going to do with so many flowers?"

"They want them for to-morrow, the glad Eastertime, dear."

"What do people do at Eastertime, mamma?" But before the mother could speak the little chatterer answered her own question. "O, I know; Auntie Farnham said everybody forgives everybody, 'cause Jesus rose."

Joyce Carrol stopped short in her efforts to tie up a refractory vine. Was this a message from the Father, or only childish prattle? Forgive? Of course she would, that minute, with heart and soul; but—would he? Merciful Heaven! if she might but find him this Blessed Eastertide, when "everybody forgives—"

She used to be a Christian when—he—sang at Joy Memorial!

She was not conscious that she was crying; she was living over again that day before Easter two years ago. He was running over a solo for the Easter service; she remembered a stanza yet:

"Christ is risen: Christ is risen:
We, His own, now glad, forgiven,
Shall rise because He rose."

Then came the quarrel, and—. Well, the fragrant lilies she had knotted together with white ribbon to carry to the service that lovely Easter morning withered on the top of the piano. She did not go; the solo was never sung and Cyril—spent the day in his room; and at eventide she and Bernice were alone!

"WHAT DO PEOPLE DO ON EASTER, MAMMA?"

But to-night an inspiration seized her. In a moment it flashed over her. The pretty, regular features lost their sorrow and the light of a blessed new hope flooded the tear-wet face.

With quick, elastic step Joyce Carrol ran hither and thither, gathering up the necessary articles to carry out her heart-resting purpose.

The inspiration, she knew, had come from above.

Their custom—his and hers—had been to carry an offering of lilies to dear old Joy memorial at Eastertime. She would begin again. The loveliest sprays in the shop were selected by the intensely in earnest woman, and on a bed of feathery ferns she placed them. Now for the other—

"Why! mamma, has somebody ordered more lilies?"

"Yes, Bernice," answered the mother, "they are to go to Joy Memorial right away. We are to take them down in a few minutes, dear."

A heavenly smile transformed her features as she knelt and kissed the wondering child.

Joyce knew the church would be open, for the choir practiced at this hour, and, doubtless, the decorating committee were there yet.

"What's that you put in among the blossoms, mamma; a letter?"

"Yes, dear, a little mite of a letter."

"What does it say, mamma?" persisted the child, curiously.

"It says 'everybody forgives everybody at Eastertime;' isn't that right, dearest?"

"Yes, mamma," and the child waltzed about the room in an ecstacy of expectation of once more beholding the loved place of worship. She remembered where they used to sit when papa stood up to sing. She was taller some now, but she was sure that when he came back he would still know her.

"When will papa come, mamma?" she asked, crossing her white arms on the counter where her mother was writing something, and looking up with a great longing in her face.

"What ails the child, to-night of all nights!" whispered the hungry hearted wife with quivering lips. "She stabs me to the heart's center; will she keep on until I shall not be able to work to my purpose?" No, she would find the way, somehow. Cyril would not know, of course, but God would see and send him back to them!

"Bernice," she said, slowly, "papa will come as soon as he can, I think. Now, please ask me no more questions, dear; mamma is very, very tired."

And by something in her mother's look and tone, Bernice sought the familiar chair and fell to wondering at the things she could not understand.

Not until her mother said: "Get your wraps, dear," did she resume the gladsome spirit of childhood. Then in a great flurry she inducted herself into cloak and cap, and stood waiting.

Not in all the ten years of her life had Bernice Carrol looked so much like her father. Joyce turned away and put her hands over her eyes; memories flooded up so!

"Are you afraid of me, mamma?" queried the child, coming round the big heliotrope and brushing its fragrant blossoms as she passed, in order to see the dear mother face.

"My child, didn't mamma say 'don't ask questions?'" She took the perturbed face between her cold palms and kissed away the shadow.

"O, I forgot your 'don't;' truly I did, mamma," laughed Bernice, clapping her hands by way of emphasis.

"You may carry the offering, dear," said Joyce, as they stepped out into the semi-darkness.

The April moon in the clear, crisp west slanted pale, faint gleams through the black-budded trees overhead. The walk was a boon after the long, shut up day; and the new hope shed its glory over all.

The light through the stained glass gave a ruddy look to the face of Joyce as she helped Bernice up the steps. A blessed welcome fairly beamed upon them, even in the vestibule. The organ was throbbing out a glad, praiseful prelude, and she felt as if Heaven's gates were truly open about her. The janitor followed her inside. "The new soloist has come," he exclaimed, "the one you wrote to," thinking she was one of the music committee.

"The new soloist." How everybody combated her purpose! Where was the old soloist? She leaned against the wall a moment to regain her composure.

"Haven't had such a tenor since Carrol went away," the janitor continued; just hear him sing."

"Yes," answered Joyce, "it is fine;" but she heard nothing, there was such a buzzing in her ears.

"Awfully grand it is going to be," he went on; "lilies and lilies, impressive programme, new tenor, and all."

Joyce looked around. Where was Bernice? It seemed an age since they came into the church. The child had not waited, but had gone on into the auditorium.

When the soft light fell round her and the decorations burst on her admiring gaze, a great sigh of satisfaction escaped her lips.

There stood the big pipe organ in its old place, and she knew the organ boy was behind that screen. She remembered how she used to admire his short flaxen curls and blue tie, and wonder if he didn't work harder in his part of the service than the minister did in his.

She wandered down the fragrant aisle as one in a lovely dream, not conscious that she, herself, was the most beautiful thing in this Eastertide picture.

But the new soloist who had retired to the right, giving place to a quartette, saw her. He shut his book on his finger and felt strangely moved. Her white cap, like a big snowflake resting on the wealth of dark hair, and the luxuriant curls straying down over the fleecy white wrap suggested the glory of woman in Holy Writ.

And Bernice wondered why mamma did not come in. What would she do with the offering? O, yes; there was the man over there where papa used to sit; he was the committeeman, surely, as he was not singing. She went up the altar steps and handed him the box.

"This is our Easter offering," she said. He took the package. Her voice, her face—. He drew his handkerchief across his bewildered vision and read the name on the wrapper. Looking after the child he gasped out: "Little one!" But she had gone around to see Teddy work the bellows. The soloist opened the box and saw a beautiful cluster of lilies, and read: "Everybody forgives everybody at Eastertide."

A great desire to cry out with an agonizing cry came over him, but he got up quietly and slipped into the vestry, taking the flowers with him.

The rehearsal was over and Teddy and Bernice were sitting on the altar stairs talking of Easter when Joyce peeped in. She had staid outside until her emotion was controlled; no one must know.

"Bernice, where are the flowers?" she asked, approaching the twain.

"The committee has them," answered the child, rising and running forward. "Isn't Joy Memorial delightful, mamma? We haven't been here since—"

"Hush! Bernice." A grieved look crossed the child's face and Joyce drew her into the vestry for a moment's explanation.

"Dearest," she began, in tender undertone, "you must not—"

"Mamma!" whispered Bernice, "see! there's the committeeman at prayer."

Joyce looked and saw a kneeling figure at the far corner of the room. The man's face was buried in the cluster of lilies.

Was it the blossoms or the words which had affected him so. She would go near and comfort him; but what was it about that bowed figure which—

"Bernice!" she exclaimed, in tense tone, "go over there to your papa and comfort

SHE WANDERED DOWN THE FRAGRANT AISLE.

him!" She pushed the child toward him and turned away. Would she die of joy or not?

"Is it really and truly my papa?" asked Bernice, touching him?

"Yes, darling!" sobbed he, while she crept under his arm, close to his heart.

"Come, Joyce, dear heart; come!" He held out his other arm imploringly; he was not able to look around just yet. She needed no second invitation. In a moment she was beside him and his strong right arm about her. "O, Cyril, I—"

"Hush!" he interrupted, gently. "Everybody forgives—"

A joyful reconciliation sealed by love's devotion blessed the next five minutes in the vestry of old Joy Memorial.

Easter morning the organ rolled triumphant notes until the lilies on the altar trembled in unison, and Cyril Carrol sang:

"Christ is risen! Christ is risen:
We, His own, now glad, forgiven,
Shall rise because He rose!"

### His Economy.

Mrs. Markle—John, you know I promised to get along without a tailor-made suit if you would get me a sealskin coat last fall.

Mr. Markle—Yes, dear, and it was a beauty that I got, wasn't it?

Mrs. Markle—It was, indeed, love. Dear me! I shall have to get a terribly swell Easter outfit to keep folks from thinking we are slipping backward in money matters.—Chicago Daily News.

### The Test of Approval.

She has got her Easter hat,
And there's much delight in that;
But to her complete enjoyment 'twill confer
When she sees just how it strikes
The enamored man she likes,
And the woman that she hates and who hates her.
—Brooklyn Life.

### Worthy of Trust.

"I don't see why you feel disposed to trust that man for so large an amount. He has no standing in either Bradstreet's or Dun's."

"That may be, but I happen to know that his wife has decided to get along without a new Easter hat this year, so he must have money."—Chicago Daily News.

### A Feather Brain.

He tickled his wife with a feather;
But she laughed with pleasure at that,
For it was an ostrich feather
To wear o'er her Easter hat.
—Judge.

### Regarding His Vocation.

Towne—He has been the ruination of many a man.

Browne—Gambler or saloon keeper?

Towne—Neither. He's a manufacturer of Easter hats.—Brooklyn Life.

## Easter Egg Rolling

### A Washington Pastime

OF ALL American cities Washington, the nation's capital, is the only one which has a distinctive Easter celebration. How and where the Easter Monday egg rolling originated, no one now living in Washington can tell; but that the beautiful slopes of the white house grounds, where the annual event occurs, give it inviting encouragement no one seems willing to dispute.

With every year the crowd of youngsters engaged in the harmless sport has increased, and the egg rolling has finally grown to the importance of a festival. The public schools are closed on Easter Monday, and thousands of children swarm about the enchanting white house grounds. These are prettily diversified with little hills and intermediate valleys, and on the knoll above the steepest of these grassy slopes the children gather. Baskets and boxes are quickly emptied, and the sport of rolling the colored eggs begins. It has no apparent object, unless it is to test the strength of the egg shell and see how many times it will go bumping over rough places without breaking. Some of the little tots try to roll their eggs against others to see which will break; others run after their eggs as they roll down, to catch them before they reach the bottom, so that they may not break. But they are not long lived. Even the hard boiled egg has its limit of endurance. Before long the first comers have seen the best of their colored treasures broken and scattered over the grass. But the new comers constantly bring a fresh supply, and keep "things rolling."

A view of this pleasing scene leaves a never to be forgotten impression on the adult observer's mind. In every direction

TWO PRETTY EGG ROLLERS.

the eye is caught by the tender spring blushes of blossoming nature, gleaming here and there from banks of hyacinths, daffodils, tulips and a bewildering variety of other bulbous treasures, and again from the bud-laden boughs of trees and shrubs. And over the thick green grass romps and plays a motley picture of young America. Tiny tots crow from the baby carriages that dot the lawns and walks; little toddlers bend down in eager waiting for the brilliant hued egg that mamma or nurse rolls toward them; bigger boys and girls dash in and out in vigorous sport, chasing one another joyously, and still bigger boys and girls saunter along and seek vantage places whence they can view the throngs and feel the fancy peculiar to spring steal over them.

By noon the crowd usually is already large; at one o'clock it is little less than tremendous, and still new arrivals in long, unbroken lines make their way through every entrance to the executive mansion reservation. At two o'clock a picturesque multitude is gathered together. At 2:30 a cheer goes up, for then the United States Marine band takes its place in the music stand, and when the leader raises his baton every pulse chimes in with the time of the melody it brings forth. Truly, Easter Monday is a glorious day for the boys and girls of Washington, and if limbs are weary and fatigued when the crowds turn homeward at sundown, hearts still throb with pleasure and memory stores away another treasure to gladden coming years.

The egg rolling always affords pleasure to the occupants of the white house, and it is said that President Cleveland took an active interest in the sport, even before Baby Ruth was old enough to share in its entrancing runs. President Grant, also, gave unlimited liberties to the children, and President McKinley is reported to be an interested observer of the doings of his little guests.

The fact of the matter is that any president who should seek to abridge the privileges of Washington childhood on Easter Monday would find himself abhorred by the coming citizens of the republic; and, no matter what his merits as a chief executive, he would never hold a high place in the hearts of the joyous and patriotic youngsters of the capital city.

line of the right of way of the M.L.S.& W. Ry. Co., thence running W 50 feet, thence running N to the Wisconsin river, thence running in a westerly course along the east of said river to the west side of said lot 6, thence running S along said line to place of beginning; also excepting the right of way of the M. L. S. & W. R.R.

CITY OF RHINELANDER.

S. H. Alban's Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 6 | 4 |
| | 11 | 4 |
| | 3 | 5 |
| | 8 | 5 |
| The s 20 ft of | 19 | 5 |
| | 6 | 6 |
| | 2 | 7 |
| The w ½ ..... | 1 | 8 |
| | 4 | 9 |
| | 11 | 9 |

S. H. Alban's Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 13 | 9 |
| The w ½ of... | 16 | 9 |
| The n ½ of... | 18 | 9 |
| | 7 | 10 |
| | 9 | 10 |

City of Rhinelander.

Coon & Barnes' Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 1 | 2 |
| | 2 | 2 |
| w ½ of lots 5 & | 6 | 2 |
| | 9 | 2 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 4 | 3 |
| | 5 | 3 |
| | 6 | 3 |
| | 9 | 3 |
| | 10 | 3 |
| | 1 | 6 |
| | 2 | 6 |
| | 6 | 6 |
| | 10 | 6 |
| | 11 | 6 |
| The n 18 ft of | 1 | 7 |
| and | 2 | 7 |

Part of lot 2, blk. 6, commencing at the SE corner of lot 2, running thence N on east line of said lot 122 feet, thence W parallel with the N line of said lot 2, to the line between said lot 2, and the right of way of the C. & N. W. R. R. Co., thence southwesterly on the line between said lot 2, and the right of way, to place of beginning.

Coon & Barnes' Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| Lots 7 & 8 | 4 | |

City of Rhinelander.

John Bing & Slimmer's 1st Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| nd ½... | 1 | 1 |
| nd ½... | 2 | 1 |
| rd ½... | 3 | 1 |
| | 5 | 1 |
| The N | | 1 |
| W of | | 2 |
| the | | |
| feet | | |
| of | | 2 |
| | | 2 |
| The S | | |
| 60 ft of | 4 | 4 |
| The N 50 ft | | |
| S line.. | 1 | 6 |
| | 3 | 6 |

Commencing 90 ft S of northwest corner of blk 7, thence S 45 ft, thence E 120 ft, thence N 45 ft, thence W 120 ft, to place of beginning.

Commencing at NE corner of blk 7, thence running W on north line 50 ft, thence S parallel with east line 50 ft, thence E parallel with north line 50 ft, to east boundary line, thence N on east line 50 ft, to place of beginning.

City of Rhinelander 2d Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| Third 60 ft from S line.. | 1 | 11 |
| | 4 | 11 |
| | 2 | 12 |
| W ½ of.. | 7 | 12 |
| | 2 | 16 |
| Lots 4, 5 and . | 6 | 16 |
| | 4 | 19 |
| | 2 | 20 |
| | 2 | 24 |
| | 11 | 29 |
| | 12 | 29 |
| | 6 | 21 |
| | 2 | 22 |

Claude Shepard's Out Lots.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | |

S. H. Alban's Second Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 1 |
| | 9 | 1 |
| | 10 | 1 |
| All of.... 8 except that portion taken of by Steven's Street as extended. | 2 | 2 |
| All of.... 1 except that portion taken of by Steven's Street as extended. | 2 | 4 |

S. H. Alban's Second Addition.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| All of.... 2 except that portion taken of by Steven's Street as extended. | 2 | 4 |
| | 5 | 4 |
| | 8 | 4 |
| | 10 | 4 |
| | 2 | 5 |
| The N 60 ft of. | 1 | 9 |
| | 1 | 10 |
| | 6 | 10 |
| | 8 | 10 |
| The S 60 ft of. and the N 60 ft of ..... | 12 | 10 |
| | 11 | 10 |

CHANCE NOT TO BE MISSED.

First Old Duffer—I'm going away for Easter.

Second Ditto—I intended to go, but my wife's too sick to go with me.

First O. D.—That's just why I'm going.

### Natural History.

"I wonder ef dah's any troof in all dishere talk 'bout a rabbit layin' de Easter egg," said Pickaninny Jim.

"I reckons, maybe," said his mother, cautiously.

"My rabbit doan' lay none."

"Maybe de eggs done got stole."

"No, dey didn'. I's been lis'nin' right along an' I nebber heard dat rabbit cackle once."—Washington Star.

## QUITE THE PROPER THING, YOU KNOW.

"Why on earth are you wearing your best clothes to-day, Charlie dear?"
"Because it's Easter, mamma; and I'll meet all the girls at church."

## The Meaning of Easter

### A Christian Feast of Hope

EASTER, at once the most joyous and impressive of Christian festivals, gets its name from Ostera, a heathen goddess, deity of spring and of flowers. The ancient Teutons and Scandinavians celebrated in Easter the advent of spring, which to them was, as a matter of course, a time for popular rejoicing after the hardships and terrors of a long and rigorous winter. Our Saxon ancestors glorified the day as the forerunner of summer with its fat crops, its outdoor life and its opportunities for communion with nature.

The bold and intrepid missionaries who christianized the heathen nations of the north deemed it wise to adapt old and treasured beliefs and ceremonials to the nobler religion, and thus Easter was put to new and better uses. Scriptural brightness was made to succeed darkness, sorrow was supplanted by joy.

Easter has always been a gentle festival and has ever had a softening effect on mankind. It is a day of good fellowship and of kindly feelings which unite all men into one brotherhood.

To the Christian the day comes as a gleam of sunshine comes to nature after dreary days of darkness and storm, because the resurrection is the great proof of the divinity of Christ; and the open tomb must for all time be the evidence of the truth which the Saviour preached to men that man is saved through the sacrifice of a God made man.

Father Thomas J. Conaty, rector of the Catholic university at Washington, in a sermon on Easter declared it to be "the feast of hope which tells man that death has not conquered us, that beyond the grave there is life, and from death there is resurrection. It tells that Christ is the source of our faith, the source of our hope, and by Him we live (as in Him we believe, whom also we must love. As the grain planted in the tomb of the earth germinates and bursts forth into the glory of the harvest field, so human nature inclosed in the tomb of death will germinate and burst forth immortal in the fields of the eternal husbandman.

"Winter covers the earth with its mantle of sorrow and nature seems in death, but the bright sun of the spring morning sees the stone rolled away and nature bursts forth into life. The fields are clad in verdure, the trees bud forth and fragrance comes to the flowers, and all men hear the voices saying: 'If God so clothe the grass of the field, which to-day is, and to-morrow is cast into the oven, shall He not much more clothe you, O ye of little faith.'

"And so Easter brings to us the pleasant hope of resurrection, to believe in Christ, to hope in Christ, to love in Christ, to possess Christ.

"Easter brings us the risen Saviour, our hope, our joy. We must live with Christ in the grace of His redemption, if we would rise with Christ in the joy of His resurrection."

## Old Easter Customs

### Many of Them Still in Vogue

MANY curious Easter customs and superstitions have come down to us from the old Saxon celebration of the day. One is that the sun dances in the sky on Easter morning, and in Devonshire, England, young girls still get up early to see the planet skip about. If an east wind is blowing on Easter morning it is a custom in some parts of Germany to draw water and wash in it, thus avoiding all danger from the east wind during the coming year. In the county of Sussex, England, the peasants believe that if the sun shines on Easter day it will shine, if only a little, every day in the year; if it rain, every day will see rain, if only a few drops. In Continental Europe the peasants formerly celebrated the day by putting robes on one of their number, crowning him with a tin crown and saluting him as king.

In Russia the feast is celebrated on Easter eve. All night long the streets are brilliantly lighted and crowded with people in new clothes. At midnight mass is said in all the Greek churches. Russians call Easter "The Opener of the Gates of Paradise."

In Greece men and women greet each other with a kiss, exchanging red eggs and the customary Easter greetings.

In Rome, naturally, the celebration of Easter is most splendid. Formerly the pope himself said mass in St. Peter's. The day was ushered in by the firing of cannon. St. Peter's was brilliantly lighted and splendidly decorated, and the Papal guards, in full uniform, formed a double line from the altar to the shrine of the apostles. At night St. Peter's was lit by hundreds of thousands of tiny oil lamps. Later they were extinguished and as many basins of golden fire were lit at the same time. The ceremonies have lost some of their splendor in recent years, but are still magnificent.

### Easter Sunday in Mexico.

In Mexico Easter is an agreeable era from which people like to date. "So many years last Easter," "Three Easters ago," are the common expressions everywhere. The celebration begins on Easter eve. The Plaza Mayor is crowded with booths displaying every conceivable holiday ware. Tallow candles with shades of white paper burn on every booth. Boys go winding through the crowd selling little rakes like sepulchres, crosses and crowns of thorns. The wild gaiety is intense.

### Early Christians' Easter.

Easter as at first observed by the early Christians was a thanksgiving lasting eight days. This was at first reduced to three days, afterward to two, and finally to the single day, Easter our day.

### A Phenomenon.

Again sage men are sadly led
To speculate upon it;
Her bonnet is above her head
But her mind is on her bonnet.
—Washington Star.

### His Wish.

Wife—If I don't wear something new on Easter I won't all the rest of the year.

Husband—For Heaven's sake don't, then!
—Puck.

### The Golden Age.

'Twere fine to live in Adam's day,
When everything could please;
Then Easter brought no bills to pay,
For bonnets grew on trees.
—Judge.

### Her Sacrifice.

He—Are you willing to give up anything this Easter?

She—Yes; my old bonnet.—Yonkers Statesman.

### A Great Sacrifice.

"What did you give up during Lent?"

"Twenty five dollars for my wife's Easter bonnet."—N. Y. World.

## NOTICE OF TAX SALE.

Notice is hereby given that on the third Tuesday of May, 1900, being the 15th day of May, 1900, and the next succeeding days, at the office of the County Treasurer of Oneida County in the Courthouse in Rhinelander, in said county of Oneida, so much of each tract of land described in the annexed list and statement as shall be necessary therefor, will be sold by me at public auction, for the payment of taxes, interest and charges thereon, as prescribed by statute.

CARL KRUEGER,
County Treasurer,
Oneida County.

Statement referred to in the foregoing and accompanying notice:

| Des. | S. | T. | R. | Des. | S. | T. | R. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NE SW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 | NW SE.. | 26 | 37 | 7 |
| NE NE.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 28 | 37 | 7 |
| Lot 1.... | 2 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 28 | 37 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 28 | 37 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 29 | 37 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 30 | 37 | 4 |
| Lot 2.... | 2 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 30 | 37 | 4 |
| Lot 4.... | 2 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 30 | 37 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 31 | 37 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 31 | 37 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 32 | 37 | 4 |
| SE SE.. | 2 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 32 | 37 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 3 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 32 | 37 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 3 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 33 | 37 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 3 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 33 | 37 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 3 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 33 | 37 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 3 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 33 | 37 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 3 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 33 | 37 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 33 | 37 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 34 | 37 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 35 | 37 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 35 | 37 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 35 | 37 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 36 | 37 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 36 | 37 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 36 | 37 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 36 | 37 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 4 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 36 | 37 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 36 | 37 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 1 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | Und ½ | | | |
| NE NW.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | NE SE. | 1 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 2 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 2 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 2 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 2 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 2 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 2 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 2 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 5 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 3 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 4 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 5 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 5 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 6 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 6 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 6 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 6 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 8 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 8 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 10 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 6 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 10 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 7 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 10 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 7 | 36 | 4 | Lot 1.... | 10 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 7 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 11 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 8 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 11 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 8 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 11 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 8 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 12 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 12 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 12 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 12 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 12 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 12 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 12 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | Lot 2.... | 14 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 9 | 36 | 4 | Lot 1.... | 14 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 10 | 36 | 4 | Lot 5.... | 14 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 10 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 17 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 10 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 10 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 10 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 11 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 11 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 11 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 11 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 12 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 16 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 12 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 17 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 12 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 17 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 13 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 17 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 13 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 17 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 13 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 17 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 13 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 17 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 13 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 18 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 13 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 18 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 13 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 18 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 18 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 18 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 18 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 19 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 19 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 19 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 20 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 15 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 16 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 21 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 22 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 17 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 23 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SE.. | 18 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 24 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 19 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 25 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SE.. | 20 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 21 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 26 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
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| SW NE.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 22 | 36 | 4 | SE SE.. | 27 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 23 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 28 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 24 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 29 | 38 | 4 |
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| SW NE.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 25 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 30 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 26 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 31 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
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| NW NW.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 27 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 32 | 38 | 4 |
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| SW NE.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
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| NW NW.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 28 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 33 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 29 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 30 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 35 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 31 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 36 | 38 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 32 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 1 | 39 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 33 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 2 | 39 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 34 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 3 | 39 | 4 |
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| NW NE.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | NW NE.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NE.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | SW NE.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NE.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | SE NE.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| NE NW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | NE NW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | NW NW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| SW NW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | SW NW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| SE NW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | SE NW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | NE SW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | NW SW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | SW SW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| SE SW.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | SE SW.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| NE SE.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | NE SE.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| NW SE.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | NW SE.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| SW SE.. | 35 | 36 | 4 | SW SE.. | 4 | 39 | 4 |
| NE NE.. | 36 | 36 | 4 | NE NE.. | 5 | 39 | 4 |
| NW NE.. | 36 | 36 | 4 |

| Des. | S. | T. | R. |
|---|---|---|---|
| SE SW | 15 | 37 | 19 |
| NE SE | 15 | 37 | 19 |
| SW SE | 15 | 37 | 19 |
| SE SW | 22 | 37 | 19 |
| NW SE | 22 | 37 | 19 |
| SE NW | 27 | 37 | 19 |
| Lot 4 | 29 | 37 | 19 |
| SW NE | 29 | 37 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 30 | 37 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 31 | 37 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 32 | 37 | 19 |
| NW SW | 33 | 37 | 19 |
| NE NE | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| NW NE | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| SW NE | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| NE SW | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| SE SW | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| NW SE | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| SW SE | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| SE SE | 36 | 37 | 19 |
| Lot 3 | 3 | 38 | 19 |
| E frl ½ NW | 5 | 38 | 19 |
| E frl ½ NW | 5 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SW | 5 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SW | 5 | 38 | 19 |
| Und ½ NE | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| Und ½ NW | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| Und ½ SW | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| Und ½ SE | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SE | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NW | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| Und ½ NE | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| Und ½ SW | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 1 | 9 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SW | 12 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SW | 12 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 3 | 14 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SE | 14 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 4 | 14 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 4 | 15 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NE | 16 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 16 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SE | 16 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 16 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 17 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SE | 18 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NE | 19 | 38 | 19 |
| NE NE | 21 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NE | 21 | 38 | 19 |
| NE NE | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 1 | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NW | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| E ½ NW SW | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SW | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SW | 23 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 24 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SE | 26 | 38 | 19 |
| NE NW | 27 | 38 | 19 |
| NE NW | 28 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SE | 28 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SE | 29 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SE | 29 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NE | 30 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NW | 30 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SE | 31 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SE | 31 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NE | 32 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SE | 34 | 38 | 19 |
| SE NW | 36 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NW | 36 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SW | 36 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 36 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SE | 36 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NE | 19 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NW | 19 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NW | 19 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SE | 19 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SW | 20 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NW | 21 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SW | 21 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SE | 21 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 21 | 38 | 19 |
| NE NE | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| SW N Y | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SE | 22 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NW | 24 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NW | 24 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SW | 24 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SW | 24 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SE | 24 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SW | 25 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SW | 25 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SW | 25 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SW | 25 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SW | 26 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SW | 26 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 27 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 1 | 28 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 28 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NE | 29 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 1 | 29 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SW | 29 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 2 | 29 | 38 | 19 |
| Lot 3 | 29 | 38 | 19 |
| NE NW | 30 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NW | 30 | 38 | 19 |
| SE NW | 30 | 38 | 19 |
| SW NW | 31 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NW | 32 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 32 | 38 | 19 |
| NW SE | 32 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SE | 32 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SE | 32 | 38 | 19 |
| NE SW | 33 | 38 | 19 |
| SW SW | 33 | 38 | 19 |
| SE SW | 33 | 38 | 19 |
| NE NE | 35 | 38 | 19 |
| NW NE | 35 | 38 | 19 |
| NE S Y | 1 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 1 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 2 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 2 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 3 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 3 | 39 | 11 |
| N frl ½ NE | 5 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NE | 5 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NE | 5 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 5 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 5 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 5 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 5 | 39 | 11 |
| N frl ½ NE | 6 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NE | 6 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 6 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 6 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 6 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 6 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 7 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NE | 7 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 7 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NE | 8 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 8 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 8 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 8 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 19 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 19 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 12 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 12 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 12 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NW | 13 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 13 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 4 | 14 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 14 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 14 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 1 | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 1 | 19 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 15 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 16 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 16 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 16 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 16 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 17 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 18 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 18 | 39 | 11 |
| part of E part Lot 1 N ½ Lot 1 | 18 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 21 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 21 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 22 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 22 | 39 | 11 |
| S ½ SW NE | 22 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 22 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 23 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 23 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NE | 23 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 23 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 23 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 23 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 23 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 24 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NW | 24 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 24 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 24 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 24 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 24 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 1 | 27 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 28 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 28 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 29 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 29 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 29 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 30 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 31 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 31 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NE | 31 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NE | 31 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 32 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NW | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 2 | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 3 | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| Des. | S. | T. | R. |
| SW NE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 28 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 28 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 28 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 28 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 7 | 28 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 7 | 29 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 6 | 29 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 1 | 29 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 5 | 30 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 7 | 30 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 5 | 31 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 3 | 31 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 4 | 31 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 6 | 32 | 39 | 11 |
| W ½ Lot 8 | 32 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 6 | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 5 | 33 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 1 | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 2 | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| Lot 3 | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 34 | 39 | 11 |
| Des. | S. | T. | R. |
| SW NE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 25 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NE NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE NW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SW | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NE SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| NW SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SW SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| SE SE | 26 | 39 | 11 |
| Original Plat of Three Lakes | | | |
| | Lot. | Blk. | |
| | 2 | 1 | |
| | 12 | 12 | |
| | 1 | 11 | |
| | 2 | 11 | |
| | 3 | 11 | |
| | 1 | 12 | |
| | 2 | 12 | |
| Village of Three Lakes, Lake Side Park Addition | | | |
| | Lot. | Blk. | |
| | 1 | 1 | |
| | 2 | 1 | |
| | 3 | 1 | |
| | 4 | 1 | |
| | 5 | 1 | |
| | 6 | 1 | |
| | 7 | 1 | |
| | 8 | 1 | |
| | 9 | 1 | |
| | 10 | 1 | |
| | 11 | 1 | |
| | 12 | 1 | |
| | 1 | 2 | |
| | 2 | 2 | |
| | 3 | 2 | |
| | 4 | 2 | |
| | 5 | 2 | |
| Village of Three Lakes, Lake Side Park Addition. | | | |
| Des. | S. | T. | R. |
| | Lot. | Blk. | |
| | 6 | 2 | |
| | 7 | 2 | |
| | 8 | 2 | |
| | 9 | 2 | |
| | 10 | 2 | |
| | 11 | 2 | |
| | 12 | 2 | |
| | 1 | 3 | |
| | 2 | 3 | |
| | 3 | 3 | |
| | 4 | 3 | |
| | 5 | 3 | |
| | 6 | 3 | |
| | 7 | 3 | |
| | 8 | 3 | |
| | 9 | 3 | |
| | 10 | 3 | |
| | 11 | 3 | |
| | 12 | 3 | |
| | 1 | 4 | |
| | 2 | 4 | |
| | 3 | 4 | |
| | 4 | 4 | |
| | 5 | 4 | |
| | 6 | 4 | |
| | 7 | 4 | |
| | 8 | 4 | |
| | 9 | 4 | |
| | 10 | 4 | |
| | 11 | 4 | |
| | 12 | 4 | |
| | 1 | 5 | |
| | 2 | 5 | |
| | 3 | 5 | |
| | 4 | 5 | |
| | 5 | 5 | |
| | 6 | 5 | |
| | 7 | 5 | |
| | 8 | 5 | |
| | 9 | 5 | |
| | 10 | 5 | |
| | 11 | 5 | |
| | 12 | 5 | |
| | 13 | 5 | |
| | 14 | 5 | |
| | 15 | 5 | |
| | 16 | 5 | |
| | 17 | 5 | |
| | 18 | 5 | |
| | 19 | 5 | |
| | 20 | 5 | |
| | 21 | 5 | |
| | 22 | 5 | |
| | 23 | 5 | |
| | 24 | 5 | |
| Out Lots. | | | |

A piece of land situated in the SE corner of the SE ¼ of the SW ¼ Sec. 8, T. 36, north of range 9 E, bounded as follows, commencing at the Sec. quarter post between 8 and 17 running north nineteen (19) chains and 41 links, running thence W 23 chains and 3 links, running thence S 20 chains, thence E on sec. line to place of beginning Sec. 8, T. 36, range 9.

All that portion of the SW NE lying south of the fair grounds and north of the north line of Sec. 8, T. 36, R. 9 E. and all that portion of Lot 2, Sec. 8, T. 36, R. 9 E lying north of the north line of Sec. 8, and north of the Highway, known as the Lake George road, containing about 30 acres in all, Sec. 5, Town 36, range 9 E.

A piece of land containing 19 acres and bounded on the west and south by the Pelican River; and on the north by the north section line of sec. 8, T. 36, north of range 9 E.

Out Lots.

A piece of Land described as follows: Beginning at the post at the NW corner of the SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of Sec. 29, T. 36, R. 9 E., thence running north along the quarter section line 5 chains and 31 links thence running east parallel to ¼ line 20 chains and 62 links, thence south along ¼ line 5 chains and 31 links to the center of the NE ¼ thence west along the ¼ line 20 chains and 62 links to the place of beginning on the south side of the NW ¼ of the NE ¼ Sec. 29, T. 36, R. 9.

All that portion of said description south of the Wanderna Road containing about 22 acres more or less in the SE-SE of Sec. 5, T. 36, R. 9.

| Village of Pelican Lake. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 5 | 7 |
| | 6 | 7 |
| | 1 | 11 |
| | 2 | 11 |
| | 6 | 12 |
| | 1 | 14 |
| | 2 | 14 |
| | 4 | 14 |
| | 5 | 14 |
| | 6 | 14 |
| | 1 | 17 |
| | 2 | 17 |
| | 3 | 17 |
| | 4 | 17 |
| | 5 | 17 |
| D. E. Briggs' Addition. | | |
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 1 | A |
| | 2 | A |
| | 3 | A |
| | 4 | A |
| | 5 | A |
| | 7 | A |
| | 8 | A |
| | 9 | A |
| | 10 | A |
| | 11 | A |
| | 12 | A |
| | 13 | A |
| | 14 | A |
| | 15 | A |
| Village of Tomahawk Lake. | | |
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 9 | 2 |
| | 11 | 2 |
| | 2 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| Commencing 9½ rods north of the SW corner of Sec. 29 T. 37 R. 9 E. thence running north 6½ rods, thence east to the County road 71 rods, thence southwesterly along said road 7 rods thence 12 rods to the place of beginning. Sec. 29 T. 37 R. 9.

A piece of land commencing on the SW corner of Sec. 29 T. 37 R. 9. E running north 9 rods, thence east 10 rods, thence south 9 rods, thence west 10 rods to place of beginning containing ½ acre.

A piece of land commencing 10 rods east of the SW corner of Sec. 29 T. 37 R. 9 E running north 9 rods thence east 10 rods, thence south 9 rods thence west 10 rods to place of beginning containing ½ acre.

A piece of land commencing 20 rods east of the SW corner of Sec. 29 T. 37 R. 9 E running north 9 rods thence east 9½ rods, thence south 9 rods thence west 9½ rods to place of beginning containing ½ acre.

A piece of land being part of lot 2, Sec. 11, T. 38, north of Range 9 E., commencing at the point and the center of the County road, where the north line of Lot 2, Sec 11, T. 38, R. 9 E. crosses the County road thence running west on north line of Lot 2 12 chains and 44 links, thence south over Lake 19 chains, thence east 8 chains, thence south 2 chains, thence east 4 chains and 37 links to the center of the County road, thence north westerly, along the center of the County road to the place of beginning containing 6 acres.

| City of Rhinelander Original Plat. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 5 | 1 |
| | 6 | 1 |

The south 30 feet of commencing 30 feet north of the SW corner of Lot 6 Blk. 1, thence north 45 feet, thence west to west line of said Lot, thence southwesterly to a point 30 feet north of SW corner, thence east to beginning.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 2 |
| All of West ½ | 10 | 2 |
| | 2 | 3 |
| West ½ | 7 | 3 |
| All of except that lying within 100 feet of center line of M. S. St. M. & A. R. R. | 10 | 5 |
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| The south 30 feet of except the south 2 feet | 1 | 9 |
| | 8 | 16 |
| Lots 11 and | 12 | 17 |
| Lots 2 and | 2 | 18 |
| The north 20 feet | 2 | 29 |

| City of Rhinelander Original Plat. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| The N 18 ft. of the S. 49 of | 2 | 21 |
| | 2 | 26 |
| | 3 | 26 |
| The center 40 ft of lots 14 & 15 | | 26 |

Part of Mill lot "D," original plat of village of Rhinelander, being the east 100 ft of a piece of land deeded M. E. Keenan by D. B. Stevens and wife May 27, 1890, described as follows: Commencing on the line between Mill lots D and E at the northeast corner of the said above mentioned piece of land, thence west on north line of said Mill lot D 100 feet, thence south to south line of said piece of land, deeded to said M. E. Keenan, thence E 100 feet of said south line to a point about 60 feet due south of beginning, thence west about 60 ft to place of beginning. All the unplatted portion of Mill lots D and C, except that part of Mill lot D, sold to M. E. Keenan and John Proctor, and except that part of Mill lot C, sold to H. C. Deemer.

| First Edition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| The W 20 ft. of E 60 ft. | 13 | 2 |
| The easterly ½ of Lots 5 & 6 | | 4 |
| The northerly ½ of Lot | 5 | 4 |
| | 11 | 6 |
| | 2 | 7 |
| | 1 | 8 |
| | 2 | 9 |
| The northwest ¼ of | 3 | 19 |
| The southeast ¼ of | 2 | 10 |
| | 4 | 10 |
| | 6 | 15 |
| | 5 | 25 |
| City of Rhinelander Replat of Mill Lots C & D. | | |
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| Lots 1 and 2 | | 2 |
| | 10 | 2 |
| Lots 11 & 12 | | 2 |
| | 6 | 2 |
| | 7 | 2 |
| | 5 | 7 |

Lot 5 of Sec. 21 Town 37 Range 9, excepting a piece of land described as follows: Commencing at the SW cor. of said lot 5 and running thence E along the sec. line 330 ft, thence running N to the N line of the right of way of the M. L. S. & W. Ry. Co., thence running W 33 feet thence running N to the W. line, thence running in a westerly course along the east of said river to the west side of said lot 5, thence running S along sec line to place of beginning; also excepting the right of way of the M. L. S. & W. R.R.

CITY OF RHINELANDER.

| S. H. Alban's Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 6 | 4 |
| | 11 | 4 |
| | 5 | 5 |
| | 8 | 5 |
| The s 20 ft of | 10 | 5 |
| | 6 | 6 |
| | 2 | 7 |
| The w ½ | 1 | 8 |
| | 4 | 9 |
| | 11 | 9 |

| S. H. Alban's Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| The w ½ of | 16 | 9 |
| The n ½ of | 15 | 9 |
| | 7 | 10 |
| | 9 | 10 |

| City of Rhinelander. Coon & Barnes' Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 1 | 2 |
| | 2 | 2 |
| W ½ of lots 5 & | 6 | 2 |
| | 9 | 2 |
| | 2 | 3 |
| | 4 | 5 |
| | 5 | 5 |
| | 6 | 5 |
| | 9 | 5 |
| | 10 | 5 |
| | 1 | 6 |
| | 2 | 6 |
| | 6 | 6 |
| | 10 | 6 |
| | 11 | 6 |
| The n 14 ft of and | 1 | 7 |
| | 2 | 7 |

Part of lot 2, blk. 6, commencing at the SE corner of lot 2, running thence N on east line of said lot 122 feet, thence W parallel with the N line of said lot 2, to the line between said lot 2, and the right of way of the C. & N. W. R. R., Co., thence southwesterly on the line between said lot 2, and the right of way, to place of beginning.

| Coon & Barnes' Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| Lots 7 & 8 | | 6 |

| City of Rhinelander. Cohn, Bing & Slimmer's 1st Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| Und ½ | 1 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 2 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 3 | 1 |
| | 5 | 1 |
| | 6 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 7 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 8 | 1 |
| | 9 | 1 |
| | 10 | 1 |
| | 11 | 1 |
| | 12 | 1 |
| | 13 | 1 |
| | 14 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 15 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 16 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 1 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 2 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 5 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 6 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 7 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 8 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 11 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 12 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 1 | 3 |

| Cohn, Bing & Slimmer's 1st Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| Und ½ | 2 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 4 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 5 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 6 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 7 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 8 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 9 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 10 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 11 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 12 | 3 |
| Und ½ | | 4 |
| Und ½ of the N ½ | | 5 |
| Und ½ | 2 | 6 |
| Und ½ | 3 | 6 |
| Und ½ | 4 | 6 |
| Und ½ | 5 | 6 |
| Und ½ | 1 | 7 |
| | 2 | 7 |
| | 3 | 7 |
| | 4 | 7 |
| | 5 | 7 |
| | 6 | 7 |
| | 7 | 7 |
| | 8 | 7 |
| | 9 | 7 |
| | 10 | 7 |
| | 11 | 7 |
| | 12 | 7 |
| | 13 | 7 |
| | 14 | 7 |
| | 15 | 7 |
| | 16 | 7 |
| | 1 | 8 |
| | 2 | 8 |
| | 3 | 8 |
| | 4 | 8 |
| | 5 | 8 |
| | 6 | 8 |
| | 7 | 8 |
| | 8 | 8 |
| | 9 | 8 |

| Cohn, Bing & Slimmer's 2d Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 1 | 1 |
| | 2 | 1 |
| | 3 | 1 |
| | 4 | 1 |
| | 5 | 1 |
| | 6 | 1 |
| | 7 | 1 |
| | 8 | 1 |
| | 9 | 1 |
| | 10 | 1 |
| | 11 | 1 |
| | 12 | 1 |
| | 13 | 1 |
| | 14 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 15 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 16 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 1 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 2 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 5 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 6 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 7 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 8 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 9 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 10 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 11 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 12 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 1 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 2 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 3 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 4 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 5 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 6 | 3 |

| Cohn, Bing & Slimmer's 2d Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 1 | 1 |
| | 2 | 1 |
| | 3 | 1 |
| | 4 | 1 |
| | 5 | 1 |
| | 6 | 1 |
| | 7 | 1 |
| | 8 | 1 |
| | 9 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 12 | 1 |
| Und ½ | 1 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 2 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 3 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 4 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 5 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 6 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 7 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 8 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 9 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 10 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 11 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 12 | 2 |
| Und ½ | 1 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 2 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 3 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 4 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 5 | 3 |
| Und ½ | 6 | 3 |

| City of Rhinelander Second Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 2 | 1 |
| | 9 | 1 |
| | 10 | 1 |
| All of | 8 | 2 |

except that portion taken of by Steven's Street as extended.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 2 | 3 |
| All of | 1 | 4 |

except that portion taken of by Steven's Street as extended.

| S. H. Alban's Second Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| All of | 2 | 5 |

except that portion taken of by Steven's Street as extended.

| | Lot. | Blk. |
|---|---|---|
| | 5 | 4 |
| | 8 | 4 |
| | 10 | 4 |
| | 2 | 5 |
| The N 60 ft of | 1 | 9 |
| | 1 | 10 |
| | 6 | 10 |
| | 8 | 10 |
| The S 40 ft of and the N 40 ft of | 12 | 10 |
| | 11 | 10 |
| | 8 | 11 |

Commencing at the NE corner of lot 27, blk 21, running W 40 ft on north line of said lot, thence S parallel with east line 80 ft, thence E 40 ft to east line of lot, thence N 80 ft, to place of beginning.

Commencing at the SW corner of lot 27, blk 4, running N on west line 160 ft to the NW corner of said lot, thence E 40 ft on north line of said lot, thence S parallel with said first line 160 ft to south line of said lot, thence W 40 ft to place of beginning.

Commencing at the NE corner of lot 25, blk 4, thence W 40 ft, thence N parallel with west line of said lot 160 ft to SW corner of lot 8, thence E on south line of said lot 40 ft, thence S parallel with said first line 160 ft, to place of beginning.

| City of Rhinelander. South Park Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 3 | 1 |
| | 4 | 2 |

| City of Rhinelander. Keenan's Second Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 1 | 1 |
| | 5 | 1 |
| | 10 | 1 |
| | 11 | 1 |
| | 12 | 1 |
| | 13 | 1 |
| | 14 | 1 |
| | 9 | 2 |
| | 2 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 1 | 4 |
| | 2 | 4 |
| | 3 | 4 |
| | 6 | 5 |
| | 7 | 5 |
| | 8 | 5 |
| | 11 | 5 |
| | 12 | 5 |
| | 14 | 5 |

| City of Rhinelander. Pelican Addition. | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 3 | 2 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | 11 | 6 |
| City of Rhinelander. | | |
| Town Site of Pelican. | | |
| | Lot. | Blk. |
| | 2 | 6 |
| | 3 | 6 |
| | 4 | 6 |
| | 5 | 6 |
| | 8 | 6 |
| | 9 | 6 |
| | 10 | 6 |
| Government Lots. | | |
| | S. | T. | R. |
| Und ½ all of the NW NW unplatted | 5 | 38 | 9 |
| Und ½ all of the NE SW unplatted | 5 | 38 | 9 |
| Lot 11 | 6 | 38 | 9 |
| Lot 7 | 6 | 38 | 9 |
| E ½ except sheet 5 | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
|

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY

RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN

# The Neighborly Cinch Club

AN HOUR before the first members of the Neighborly Cinch club could reasonably be expected to arrive Mrs. Major was in a tremor of excitement every time she heard footfalls on the pavement in front of the house. It was the first time the Majors were to entertain the cinch club and the hostess was as nervous as a hostess can be expected to be on such an occasion. What added to her case of "nerves" was the calm and unruffled spirit in which her lord and master watched the proceedings and from time to time offered a sarcastic suggestion. He smoked his cigar and lounged in the cozy corner as unmoved as though the reception of ten or a dozen critical people for an evening was an event of no moment, while Mrs. Major knew to a certainty that everything in the house from the carpet to the spoons would be weighed, measured and found wanting by the sharp eyes of the women members of the club.

"I should think," she said to her husband, "you would take it on yourself to do a little something toward helping me." At that moment she was industriously picking up each of the parlor chairs, moving it about two inches and setting it down again. She imagined she was doing wonders in the way of interior decoration and arrangement by these marvelous changes in the make-up of the parlor.

"What do you want me to do?" asked her husband lazily. "You seem to be shifting things around pretty well. Do you want to turn the carpet?"

Mrs. Major paused in the center of the room and surveyed everything with a sweeping glance. It looked all right. Nobody had stolen the piano or removed the wall-paper since she looked at it last.

"Oh, I suppose you would be satisfied to have all those people come in here even if the house looked like a fright," she said at length. "It's just like a man."

After awhile the bell jingled and the girl hurried to the door. Mrs. Major had started to answer the ring herself, but remembered in time that it would be beastly bad form and therefore seated herself on the extreme edge of a chair just inside the parlor door.

"There's some peoples vants to see you," said the girl in her innocent, foreign way.

The cinch club came in, bustling and chattering. Mrs. Major found it incumbent upon her as hostess to kiss each of the women, while her husband shook hands heartily with the men, and said we had been having some weather. There was a shedding of wraps and shuffling off of rubbers until the hall tree looked like a second-hand store, and at length the whole club was seated in the parlor and dining-room, into which latter apartment the overflow was conducted by Mr. Major and there entertained while his wife sympathized with Mrs. Bryson, who had facial neuralgia, and Mrs. Emerson, whose nose would get red in frosty weather. A sudden pause in the conversation of the ladies occurred, and the voice of Mr. Hermann was heard in the dining-room:

"That's an awful bluff Choynski is throwing out about having a broken rib," he said. "I think Walcott just slammed the life out of him, and he's a dub to holler now."

Mrs. Major elevated her eyebrows slightly, and suggested that perhaps it was time to begin playing. The club was paired off so everybody was the partner of somebody else's wife, and Mr. Hermann, the irreverent young bachelor, drew Mrs. Major as his partner, while her husband sat opposite Miss Underwood, the wide-eyed, wondering young thing who was taking her first steps into a deliciously wicked world, and seemed to enjoy the progress she had made. Three decks of cards were produced, and two small tables pressed into service in addition to the dining-table, and the Neighborly Cinch club was in full action. Mrs. Major's attention to her hand was somewhat distracted in the early stages of the first game by Mrs. Bryson's apparent interest in the texture of the tablecloth. Indeed, so much was her attention diverted from the fine points of the game that she played her five of clubs on the ace laid down by Mr. Major, one of her opponents.

"If you've got too many of those pedros you might keep one or two until I play an ace or a king," suggested her partner, Mr. Hermann.

Mrs. Major flushed and said:

"Oh, did I do that? How stupid of me."

"I see what you're doing," went on her partner; "you're in a conspiracy with your husband, and you want to keep him from being beaten. That's a nice way to treat your partner."

Mr. Major laughed, and his partner threw him the other pedro, whereat Mrs. Major looked at Miss Underwood with poorly-concealed ill favor. She began to suspect that the nods and smiles exchanged between her husband and Miss Underwood had more in them than appeared on the surface. Suddenly a little shriek from another table claimed the attention of all the players.

"Why, Tom Emerson, whatever did you do that for?" cried that gentleman's wife. "You'll have all the hearts in the deck if you're not careful."

"What of it?" asked her husband, bluntly.

"Why, but this hearts we are playing?" she inquired, naively.

"No, this is bouncat," explained her husband. "You keep all your court cards and play them on the black."

Mr. Hermann and Mrs. Major had meanwhile succeeded in making four points and cancelled from that lady's brow, for she was determined to beat her husband and the hateful Miss Underwood.

The game had gone on merrily for almost an hour, and the joy of Mrs. Major was great, for she and her partner had won four games out of five and Miss Underwood was correspondingly depressed. Suddenly the door leading to the culinary department opened, and Martha stood in the opening conveying to Mrs. Major by winks and nods and other signal service best known to mistresses and maids that her presence was desired in the kitchen.

Mrs. Major excused herself and hurried out, followed by the knowing glances of Mrs. Emerson and Mrs. Bryson. They had "entertained" in the past, and knew how it was.

"What's then after?" demanded Mrs. Major, breathlessly, when she and Martha were alone.

"Well, I can't help it, Mrs. Maycher," began Martha, "but the ice cream, she is melted."

Mrs. Major gasped.

"Where was it?" she demanded.

"I put it over here and it is all melted," explained Martha, pointing to a warm spot near the steam coil.

"Well, never mind it," said Mrs. Major, "when we're ready I'll call you and you can just serve the other things." She started to return to the parlor when she was hailed again by her faithful servitor.

"Mrs. Maycher," said Martha.

"Well, what is it now?" said Mrs. Major, with new fears griping her heart.

"Well, I can't help it; but there's no coffee," said Martha.

Mrs. Major sat down, weak and nerveless. After all her thought this was the one vulnerable point. She had forgotten to examine the stock of coffee, and, of course, Martha forgot it. She forgot everything.

While a thousand thoughts were whirling through the head of the bewildered hostess, she heard the voice of Miss Underwood calling sweetly—too sweetly, Mrs. Major thought—Oh, Mrs. Major, we are waiting for you."

"In a minute," said Mrs. Major, and, turning desperately to Martha, she ordered her to run upstairs by the back way and borrow some coffee from Mrs. Burton, and to do it quick, if she wanted to live long in the land. Then, adjusting her sweet, company smile, again she strolled back to the parlor and resumed the game.

In due time the lunch was served and Mrs. Major, with a shrinking

"THE ICE CREAM, SHE IS MELTED."

heart, watched Mrs. Emerson take her first sip of coffee, for Mrs. Major had no idea of the brand favored by the Burton family. Mrs. Emerson raised her eyebrows the tiniest bit and sipped no more, and all the joy fled from Mrs. Major's life at that moment. The other neighborly cinch players waded into the chicken salad and things and cleared off the table without comment. But Mrs. Major knew what they were thinking. She could tell by the white of Miss Underwood's eye that the salad was too salty, and there was an indefinable curl to Mrs. Bryson's lip, which spoke volumes concerning the chinaware. Mrs. Ainsley's overwhelming flattery for the luncheon told its own story to Mrs. Major, and it was with much difficulty she was able to finish her second cup of coffee.

Mr. Major, of course, saw none of this. He dived into the salad and wafers and things with avidity and carried on a brisk conversation with Mr. Hermann on the chances of Oscar Gardner when he gets into the ring with Terry McGovern. When the last morsel of wafer had disappeared Mr. Major produced cigars for the men and was happy and contented when the smoke began to wreathe above their heads. Mrs. Major kept up a fierce conversation with the ladies in the parlor and her husband never noted how remarkably sweet she was to Miss Underwood or he might have suspected something. Before long Mrs. Bryson looked hard at her husband, who was telling Mrs. Emerson a funny story, and said they really must go. That started the exodus, and in a few minutes the hall tree was stripped of its burden, and all the rubbers were stamped on once more, and a dozen good-bys were said. Mrs. Major had to kiss all the women again and her husband shook hands with each of the men and told him to take care of himself, and when the door closed upon the last of them he turned with a gratified smile to his wife.

"Well, that was all right," he said. "I haven't had such a pleasant evening in a long time. Didn't you?"—Chicago Chronicle.

# FUNNY FOLKS

### Follow Suit.

Softy—How very fond of hunting Mr. Bouncer must be.

Sharpleigh—Bouncer hunt? Why, he's never even been after a red herring.

Softy—But he told me he kept several packs.

Sharpleigh—So he does—of cards.—Ally Sloper.

### His Waterloo.

Visitor (at insane asylum)—Who is that wild-looking man in the padded cell?

Attendant—That is Prof. Adder, the expert accountant.

Visitor—What drove him insane?

Attendant — He attempted to straighten out his wife's household accounts.—Chicago Daily News.

### SUCH WISE PARENTS.

Baby—De-ee-e Lee Parree se!

Mother—I wonder what Henry Augustus is trying to say? It sounds like French.

Father—Wouldn't it be funny if he learned to talk French and we could not understand him?—Harlem Life.

### Why He Is Single.

Wederly—I suppose you have never given marriage a thought.

Singleton—Oh, yes, I have.

Wederly—Then why are you still single?

Singleton—Because I have given marriage a thought. — Chicago Daily News.

### Partly to Blame.

"Are you the best man at Billy Brown's wedding?"

"No; I attend as guilty bystander."

"What do you mean?"

"I introduced Brown to the girl last summer."—Chicago Record.

### A Surprised Wife.

"Now, Percy, darling, where is the surprise you promised you would have for me when I had finished the course of cooking lessons?"

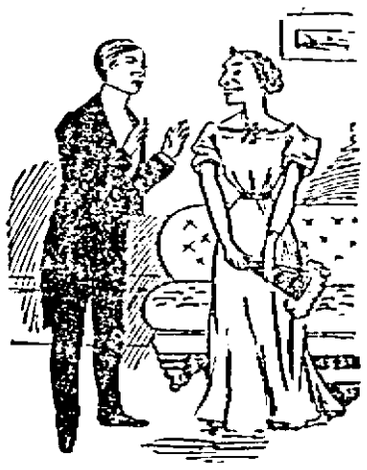
"Oh, yes—why—I discharged the cook!"—N. Y. World.

### Seldom Do It.

"The office," said the theorist, "should seek the man."

"Possibly, possibly," replied the practical politician, "but it is my experience that offices do mighty little searching."—Chicago Post.

### WORTH A VICTORIA CROSS.



"Now don't deny it, Mr. Softchap—you're trying to lure me on to kiss you! You wild, wicked, rakish young men are all alike—and I suppose I must yield with a good grace!"—Ally Sloper.

### An Admiring Wife.

Kippax—And who is your favorite author, Mrs. Softly?

Mrs. Softly—My husband.

Kippax—Pardon me! I did not know that he wrote.

Mrs. Softly—Oh, but he does; and so nicely—cheques!—Brooklyn Life.

### Very Flattering.

The Doctor—Why have you sent for me?

The Husband—Oh, my wife's mother is feeling bad, and she says she doesn't care whether she lives or not.—Yonkers Statesman.

### Not Sufficient Time.

"Have I time to run across the street and match a sample of ribbon?" asked the woman of the depot gateman.

"Oh, dear, no!" he replied. "Why, the train leaves in three hours and a half."—Chicago Post.

### No Cause for Despair.

Mrs. Youngwife—The baby talks incessantly. I think he will grow up to be a congressman.

Mr. Oldluch — I wouldn't worry about it, if I were you. Maybe he'll be a barber.—Philadelphia Record.

### Both Mistaken.

Biggs—You say Hamlet is a comedian? I thought he was a tragedian.

Boggs—That's what he thinks, too.—N. Y. Journal.

### Studying the Impression.

"How is that speech?" asked the ponderous statesman.

"Fine. It was concise, lucid and interesting. You made every point perfectly clear."

"Do you mean to say you understood it right away?"

"Yes."

"Well, I'll have to take it home and rewrite it; that's all. If people fully understand what you have to say the first time you say it, they are mighty liable to think you're not deep."—Washington Star.

### Softly Suggested.

"Don't you enjoy hearing the old songs?" asked the young man with a sentimental look in his eye.

"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne. "Do you know any?"

"Yes; what is your favorite?"

"Oh, it depends on the mood I chance to be in. You don't know 'Bid Me Good-bye and Go,' do you?"—Washington Star.

### He Paused Too Long.

Johnny is seated at the piano reading.

Johnny's Mother (from above)—Johnny, why aren't you practicing?

Johnny—I am, ma.

Johnny's Mother—Well, I don't hear anything.

Johnny—Well, I'm practicing the pauses.—Musical America.

### Out of the Ordinary.

"What was this row about?" asked the policeman.

"It all came about," the father-in-law explained, "by some of those cheeky boys throwing shoes at the bride."

"Well," said the policeman, "that's customary."

"Yes; but not horseshoes."—Tit-Bits.

### Explained.

"I must confess to a great deal of egotism," said Willie Wishington.

"Indeed?" responded Miss Cayenne.

"Yes. I think about myself entirely too much."

"Oh, that isn't egotism. That's merely the usual human tendency to worry over trifles."—Washington Star.

### CULINARY DIPLOMACY.

Mistress—Why did you leave your last place?

Bridget—Yer very inquisitive, mum. I niver axed ye why yer last cook left.—The Cigarette.

### A Word to the Doctor.

"Doctor," said Mr. Newpop, "when you send in your bill for this boy, please to remember that he came unfinished. He hasn't a hair on his head or a tooth in his mouth. You ought to throw off at least ten per cent."—Harlem Life.

### His Kind Heart.

She—That bad little brother of mine got at the piano yesterday with a hammer and broke six of the strings.

He—May I come to see and console you every evening while it is out of order?—Chicago Times-Herald.

### Good Adviser.

Mr. Gayluch—Officer, I ran—hic!—see two moons up zhere and—hic!—hear 'em talking to each other!

Officer—Ye ran, eh? Well, ye don't want to believe nawthing that ye hear, and only half what ye see!—Puck.

### Warmed Up at Last.

"Wake up!" cried the hall boy, "the hotel is afire!"

"Good!" returned the sleepy guest. "This ramshackle old barn will be heated at last."—Philadelphia North American.

### A BAD DREAM.

Wife—Oh, John, how do you like my new Easter bonnet? Isn't it a dream?

John—Yes, dear; and the bill will be a nightmare.—Detroit Free Press.

### Example Close at Hand.

"Papa," asked little Dickey, puzzled at something he had found in his school history, "what is a 'governing body?'"

"Your mamma is a governing body, my son," answered Mr. Meeker, plaintively.—Chicago Tribune.

# For Young People

## THE BALLAD OF RUFUS JAMES.

He was christened Rufus James,
With a dozen other names,
And his cradle decorated was with gold;
And he played with costly things—
Silver rattles—teething rings—
All the lovely toys a little boy could hold.
He was dressed in clothes of white,
Sung to sleep by nurse at night,
And without a care his infant life began,
He could have a silver spoon,
And a pretty, red balloon,
But he couldn't have a birthday, little man!

When he reached the age of two,
Very fond of toys he grew,
And he had so many picture-books to see;
Nurse would tell the stories o'er
To his lordship on the floor,
And a very happy little boy was he.
Rufus, every morning bright,
In a carriage rode delight
With gay canopies, beside his sister Nan.
She would softly speak his name,
But would finish: "What a shame
That he cannot have a birthday, little man!"

Three long years had rolled away,
When there came a happy day,
He had pockets in his trousers, deep and wide.
They cut off his golden curls—
Those he left for little girls,
And they gave him such a rocking-horse to ride!
There were cakes from Aunt Marie,
And a knife from Uncle Lee;
There were games of every sort from Cousin Dan;
All these gifts he could enjoy,
This most enviable boy,
But he couldn't have a birthday, little man!

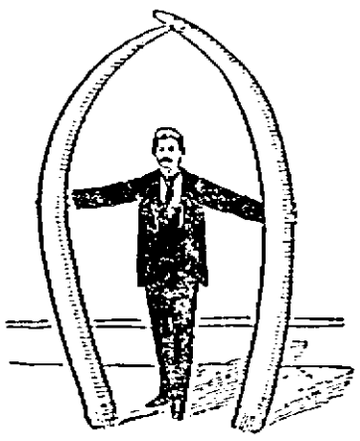
Twelve more months have come and gone;
Now, of course, you might expect
That a birthday would arrive without delay.
But, most curious to relate,
By an irony of fate,
He was born on February's final day
In the year of ninety-six.
(Oh, that Fate should play such tricks!)
Though his friends and parents for his pleasure plan,
Yet their hearts are sad and sore;
He must wait for four years more,
Before he'll have a birthday, little man!

—Georgina E. Billings, in Youth's Companion.

## BIG ELEPHANT TUSKS.

### They Are Said to Be the Largest Ever Known and Were Bought by American Traders.

The elephant tusks shown herewith are the largest ever known, and were purchased by an American firm in Zanzibar, says the London Field. They weigh 226 and 225 pounds, respectively, and the price paid is said to have been over $3,000, which is somewhat above the market price. The larger of these specimens weighs 236 pounds, the



LARGEST TUSKS EVER FOUND.

other 225 pounds. The length of the longer, measured on the outer curve, is 10 feet 4 inches, along the inner curve 9 feet, and from base to top in a straight line 8 feet 4 inches. The circumference of the tusk where it becomes solid is 2 feet 2½ inches. At 2 feet from the tip it is 1 foot 10 inches. At 2 feet from the tip the circumference is 1 foot 8 inches, and as close to the end as 1 foot the circumference is 1 foot 5 inches.

## COURAGEOUS MICE.

### To Protect Their Young Does They Braved the Risk of Being Captured and Killed.

A woman residing in the West end had a remarkable experience with 14 baby mice. She went into the cellar to a secluded corner, where no one had been for some time, in search of an ice cream freezer. She found it, and inside was a nest containing 14 mice. One good-sized mouse was in with them, and, although frightened, would not leave the little ones. An old piece of tape reached from the bottom of the freezer over the top and down to the ground. Mrs. B. went upstairs to look for some of the boys to help her take them out, but none of them was home, and so she mustered courage and determined to go down herself and turn them out. When she reached the freezer the light of the lamp she held in her hand shone directly on it, and she saw two big mice, each carrying a baby mouse. One was coming up on the inside and the other was going down on the outside. She was held spellbound at the curious sight, and did not offer to disturb them. She watched until every one of the 14 babies had been carried to a place of safety. Mrs. B. had a large mouse trap on the other side of the cellar, and so touched was she by the scene she had just witnessed that she took the trap upstairs and threw it into the fire.—Albany Times-Union.

### Not Equal to the Situation.

Professor (feelingly)—When I first began teaching music the wolf was often at my door.

Listener (unfeelingly) — Gracious! Why didn't you pound the piano then as you do now?—Indianapolis Journal.

## BARBED-WIRE NESTS.

### Little Brown Wren of Central America Fortifies Its Roomy Home in a Clever Manner.

In Central America are many strange birds with stranger habits, but probably none are more interesting than a little brown wren who may be seen along the roadsides or on fences. This little bird, about the size of a canary, builds a nest out of all proportion to its apparent needs. He selects a small tree with horizontal branches growing close together. Across two of the branches he lays sticks fastened together with tough fiber, until a platform of about six feet long by two feet wide is constructed. On the end of this platform nearest the tree-trunk he then builds a huge,

CENTRAL AMERICAN WREN.

dome-shaped nest a foot or so high with thick sides of interwoven thorns. A covered passageway is then made from the nest to the end of the platform in as crooked a manner as possible. Across the outer end, as well as at short intervals along the inside of this tunnel, are placed cunning little fences of thorns with just space enough for the owners to push through. On going out, this opening is closed by the owner placing thorns across the gateway, and thus the safety of eggs or young is assured.—Youth's Companion.

## ORIGIN OF A BALLAD.

### Conditions Under Which Key Wrote the Thrilling Words of the "Star Spangled Banner."

It was during the bombardment of Fort McHenry, September 13, 1814, that the "Star Spangled Banner," our most beautiful national ballad, was written. A physician of Upper Marlborough, Md., had been taken prisoner by the British after the troops had raided Washington. There was a great desire to obtain his release, and Mr. Francis Key and Mr. Skinner, of Baltimore, arranged to visit the British vessels and request that this gentleman should be set at liberty. The request was granted, but the three Americans were detained on board the British vessel because of the coming attack upon Baltimore. During the night of the bombardment of Fort McHenry they witnessed the scene from the deck of the enemy's vessel. The roar of the guns went on unceasingly and the flashes of their discharge gleamed across the water. At last the return fire from the fort ceased, and the Americans waited anxiously for the dawning to know whether their country's flag had been lowered or not. Mr. Key walked up and down the vessel's deck, and the words of the famous song were framed in his mind. When morning came it was seen that the American flag was still flying. During the day the three Americans were allowed to go ashore and the British ships sailed away. Mr. Key, upon reaching the home of his friends, wrote out the song which since that time has been known and sung in every part of this land.

### Punished Enough Already.

A very subdued-looking boy of about 11 years, with a long scratch on his nose and an air of general dejection, came to his teacher and handed her a note before taking his seat and becoming deeply absorbed in his book. The note read as follows: "Miss B——: Plese excuse James for not being thare yesterday. He played troosant, but you don't need to lick him for it, as the boy he played troosant with and him fell out and the boy licked him, and a man they sassed caught and licked him, and the driver of a cart they hung on to licked him also. Then his pa licked him, and I had to give him another one for sassing me for telling his pa, so you need not lick him till next time. He thinks he better keep in school now." Under the circumstances the teacher thought James had been punished enough.

### Clever Bid for a Raise.

In a certain Philadelphia store there is a young assistant bookkeeper. He is a steady chap, minds his own business and is as shrewd as they make them. The other day the senior partner of the firm, who seldom comes around, made a tour of inspection, and as he approached the assistant bookkeeper he noticed the solemn expression on his face. Desiring to be genial, he said: "How are you, young man? I see you are at work. That is good. Close attention to business will always bring its own reward. Tell me, what are you earning per week?" The young man, without a moment's hesitation, answered: "Twenty dollars, sir; but I only get half of that."

### Crying for Poor Charlie.

Harry and Charlie, aged five and three, respectively, had just been seated at the nursery table for dinner. Harry noticed there was but one orange on the table, and immediately set up a wail that brought his mother to the scene. "Why, Harry, what are you crying for?" she asked. "Because there ain't any orange for Charlie."

# CRUSOE'S Bargain Departm't STORE.

**If you want to see the new things in Dry Goods you must come where they are.**

You will find everything that's new and desirable in our splendidly assorted Spring Dry Goods stock. All the week our buyer has been selecting the best things offered in the Chicago markets and you may expect to see choice styles and great values for your money as there are bargains in all lines at this store, now better than ever before.

## CHAS. E. CRUSOE & CO.


## Bits of Local Gossip

Beers & Co lead them all in clothing, shoes and hats.

B. H. Lewis was a business visitor at Wausau last week.

Miss Hazel Hildebrand is visiting relatives at Ironwood.

Gus Johnson, of Tomahawk Lake, has moved to this city.

J. Segerstrom was a visitor at Ironwood last Sunday.

Peter LaPort visited Lac du Flambeau the first of the week.

Ed. Brazell was over from Jeffris last Thursday on business.

Chas. Carlson was a visitor at Woodruff the first of the week.

Archie Slevwright left Monday for Monico to finish up his logging.

A. M. Rogers recently received another carload of draft horses.

Mrs. John Barnes and children are the guests of Hazelhurst relatives.

A. O. Jenne, of Woodboro, was a business visitor in the city Friday.

John Barnes transacted legal business at Three Lakes last Thursday.

Richard Peterson, of Antigo, transacted business in the city Monday.

Dr. Walter O'Connor, of Tony, was a visitor in the city last Monday.

Frank Smith, of Armstrong Creek, was in the city last Friday on business.

Miss Olive Rogers is at Brantwood, Wis., the guest of her aunt, Miss Musa Sanford.

Frank Bryant, of Hazelhurst, was a visitor here between trains last Saturday.

Miss Mabel Chafee is entertaining her friend Miss Murray, of Wausau, this week.

W. L. Beers was a visitor at the Marathon county metropolis last Thursday.

Wm. Clark was a visitor at Minocqua and Woodboro the latter part of last week.

O. A. Hilgermann transacted business at Three Lakes the latter part of last week.

D. H. Walker and A. W. Shelton transacted legal business at Minocqua last week.

S. D. Sutliff, of Woodboro, arrived in the city Monday to remain a few days on business.

Mrs. M. H. Sanford, of Merrill, is in the city, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Ed. Rogers.

E. S. Shepard was a visitor at Wausau last Thursday, having business at the land office.

Mrs. A. E. Hilliker returned last Friday, after a couple weeks' absence at Rice Lake, Wis.

Art Keeble and Chas. Ball left Tuesday for Armstrong Creek to spend the spring vacation.

Mrs. Chas. F. Ball, of Armstrong Creek, was the guest of local friends the latter part of last week.

The Frank E. Long company left Sunday morning for Ashland, where they are showing this week.

L. E. McGill, of Florence, Wis., was an over Sunday visitor in the city, the guest of his son, Allan.

Miss Cora Levy, of Antigo, is a guest at the home of her uncle, D. T. Matteson.

Louis Loffmark, of Woodboro, accompanied by his son Ray, was in the city last Saturday on business.

Geo. Hilgermann has returned home after an absence of a year in St. Paul. He will remain during the summer.

Mrs. Frank W. Rogers, of Minocqua, has been the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. A. Daigle, during the week.

Jule Demars now holds the ribbons over a fine driving horse which he purchased last Monday from A. M. Rogers.

The circuit court calendar this spring was decidedly brief, the cases being cleared from the docket Tuesday night.

Miss Maggie Holland left Saturday for Eagle River to enjoy a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Diamond.

Miss Mayme Spencer has returned to her home at Waupaca, after a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. E. O. Brown.

Will Holmes came down from Manitowish last Saturday, having finished his winter's work for Harrigan Bros.

Wm. Kingsland, who until recently held a position in the store of C. E. Crusoe & Co., left Monday for Lancaster, Wis.

Mrs. W. H. Trumbull returned Saturday, after a couple of weeks' absence at Marshfield, the guest of relatives and friends.

M. Marquardt, the local cigar manufacturer, looked after the wants of his trade at Monico and Minocqua the first of the week.

Mrs. Fred Langlois was summoned to Fond du Lac last Friday night by telegram announcing the serious illness of her mother.

A. J. Bolger, of Lac du Flambeau, superintendent of the Flambeau Lumber company, was a visitor in the city last Saturday.

Parish and Bessie Lewis, of Antigo, were in the city the latter part of last week, guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs Paul Browne.

Atty. Jas. O'Leary, of Tomahawk, was in the city the first of the week, having some tangles to straighten out in the circuit court.

Joe VanSlatte left last Thursday for Wausau, where he will visit for a time before going to Spokane, Wash., where his mother resides.

Miss Grace Church, third assistant principal in the High school, left Friday for Eagle River to visit friends during the spring vacation.

Mrs. Fred Perron, of Hazelhurst, arrived in the city Tuesday to remain until after Easter, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Schliesmann.

Chas. Donaldson, first assistant principal of the High school, left last Saturday morning for Cameron, Wis., to spend his week's vacation.

Will Pritchard who has been working during the winter for Langley & Alderson, left last Monday for his home at Winneconne, Wis.

Miss Mason, the stenographer in Silverthorn & Co's office, left last Saturday to enjoy a couple of weeks' visit with friends in Milwaukee.

Geo. Hilgermann was a visitor at Washburn the latter part of last week on business connected with the Rhinelander Brewing company.

Arthur Taylor is now the owner of one of the finest driving teams in Rhinelander, having recently traded his team of colts with W. F. Ball.

Mrs. F. S. Robbins and daughter, Mrs. T. B. McIndoe, departed last Wednesday night for Detroit, Mich., to remain a few weeks with relatives.

An architect from Milwaukee was in the city the first of the week for the purpose of drawing plans for the proposed Parochial school.

E. E. Anderson, of North Crandon, has established a home bakery in the building formerly occupied by M. Langdon, on Stevens street.

Prof. F. S. Hyer left last Thursday night for Milwaukee. From there he went to Madison to attend the meeting of the principals of the state.

Mrs. M. P. Belleau, of Oconto, Wis., returned to her home last Monday, after several days visit in the city, the guest of her sister, Miss Lloyd.

E. C. Vessey had the misfortune to crush his foot one day last week by a log rolling onto it from a skidway. He is able to hobble about with the aid of crutches.

Angus McDonald, who has held a position in the Northwestern depot, left last Monday for Ashland, where he has accepted a clerkship in the roundhouse's office.

An undertaking establishment has been located in the rooms over the second hand store of Merrill & Barber on Brown street by a party from Pembine, Wis.

A social was given in the vacant building next to Squier's jewelry store last Tuesday evening under the auspices of the junior choir of the Congregational Church.

C. W. Worth, of Antigo, was in the city the latter part of last week on business connected with D. Hamel & Co., looking after the local end of their extensive business.

Mrs. A. E. Hilliker wishes to announce that her millinery opening will take place next Friday and Saturday. The very latest styles will be displayed. Call and examine.

For Sale—The Turrish house, located south of the Curran school. It's a bargain. This Short home can be purchased for $800. For full particulars call on E. S. Shepard. tf.

Coon & Chafee are making several necessary repairs on their business block, corner Davenport and Stevens streets. The interior, both upstairs and down, is being greatly improved.

"Sidetracked" is booked for the date of Thursday, April 12, at the Grand. The play is a jolly one, teeming with mirth and fun, presented here several times. Remember the date, April 12.

Misses Mary Gray and Cora Holiday, who had been visiting relatives in the city for a couple of weeks, left Monday for Stevens Point, to resume their studies at the Normal school.

The ladies of the Baptist church held a social at the church parlors last Friday evening which was liberally patronized. A neat little sum was realized by the ladies for their efforts.

O. A. Edwards, who had a contract with the Menasha Woodenware company to scale three and a quarter million feet of logs, has finished his labors and returned home last week.

Fred. Zutz, who holds a position as head sawyer in the mill of Wixson, Bronson & French, near Sault Ste Marie, was in the city from Saturday until Monday night, the guest of his family.

Miss Jessie Banford is entertaining a sister from Union City, Mich. The Misses Banford left Saturday morning for Bessemer, Mich., to visit friends during the present spring vacation.

Remember the dance to be given at the armory next Monday night under the auspices of the Womens Catholic Order of Foresters. Music for the occasion will be furnished by Squier's full orchestra.

Mr. Hayner, expert piano tuner and repairer, from Chicago, late of Lyon & Healy, will be in the city on about Friday the 20th. Please leave orders at Squier's, the jeweler, or at the Rapids House. adv.

Mrs. J. M. Harrigan and children departed Tuesday for Milwaukee, where they will make their future home, Mr. Harrigan having decided to locate there instead of at West Superior. They will be missed greatly by their many friends whose best wishes follow them.

Dr. W. Towns has had thirty years experience in treating chronic disease and employs the latest and most improved methods known to medical science. Persons afflicted should not fail to consult him during his next visit here on April 20. Office at the Fuller House. Advice free. 4tal9.

Miss Ida Vetting and Lulu Raymond were at Stevens Point last week for the purpose of attending the annual convention of the Christian Endeavor societies of the North Central district of Wisconsin. The young ladies report a very pleasant time and profitable session.

There will be Easter services at the Baptist church Sunday evening. Instrumental and vocal music and recitations will comprise the program. A cornet duet is promised, also the Swedish band. The members of the F. & A. M. order have been invited and are expected to be present at the morning services.

Fred. Campbell, of Three Lakes, was in the city Tuesday, having been empanelled as a juror, but was excused from service, having given a good excuse. The New North acknowledges a pleasant call from the gentleman who renewed his subscription and went home happy.

E. S. Anderson, who has been at Merrill during the winter, has returned and will again open a bicycle store and repair shop in his building at the corner of Rives and Anderson streets. Mr. Anderson has conducted the same business for several years past and has won a reputation as a first-class workman.

In the correspondence from Rhinelander in your issue of March 16th, the statement was made that all the lumber stocks for sale here have been disposed of except that of the Stevens Lumber Co. This is incorrect in that Brown-Robbins are sawing a stock of 25,000,000 feet for the Menasha Wooden Ware Co., which is still to be disposed of.—Mississippi Valley Lumberman.

As a result of exposure from excessive drink, Robert Delaney is now lying at the county jail in a serious condition. He was discovered lying beside a road near Monico last Friday, where it is supposed he had been for a number of days. Dr. S. R. Stone administered to the wants of the sufferer and says he can save his feet, which were frozen.

Today at 9:30 o'clock and lasting all day, the exposition of the Holy Eucharist took place. Tomorrow (Friday) morning services will be held at 8:00 o'clock. Stations of the Cross at 3 o'clock. Saturday services will be held, commencing at 8 o'clock. Easter Sunday, first mass will be said at 8:00 o'clock and second mass at 10:30 o'clock. At the Catholic church.

C. E. Crusoe left last Sunday night for Chicago, to be absent a week. He went for the purpose of purchasing goods for the spring and summer trade. Mr. Crusoe informs us that his visit to the Windy City was to be more frequent, also that during the months of January, February and March their business was $2,000 greater than it was for a corresponding period the preceding year.

R. P. Jillson, manager of the Soo railway company's hotel at New Pembington, was in the city last Friday and Saturday on business. Mr. Jillson took possession of the hotel the first of March. During the preceding month the expenditures were $200 greater than the receipts. In the short space of one month Mr. Jillson has put the hostelry on a paying basis.

The office room in the Fuller house has been greatly improved during the past week. A new hardwood floor will be laid, the walls and ceiling have been repaired and the woodwork painted. This all adds to the comfort of the guests who appreciate the change. The genial landlord, P. T. Coon, contemplates several other changes about his hostelry which will be made in the near future.

Bowers and Busby's minstrels appeared at the Grand opera house last Friday night. A large audience was present and the laughter and applause were continuous. The first part was above the average in singing and jokes, which were not of the time-worn order. The specialties were excellent. The audience was an appreciative one as was evident from the wrinkles on the faces of those present.

At the convention of the Christian Endeavor societies of the North Central district of the state, held at Stevens Point recently, Dr. S. R. Stone, of this city, was honored by the election as vicepresident. Wausau and Rhinelander are endeavoring to secure the next meeting, each presenting invitations. It is left with the executive committee to decide.

Atty. John Barnes was at Madison the latter part of last week and the first of this week for the purpose of arguing the case of Annie Brunette vs. the town of Gogebic before the Supreme court. The plaintiff was awarded damages to the amount of $800 in circuit court for injuries received in the village of Three Lakes by reason of a defective sidewalk. The claim of the town was that the amount was excessive and an appeal was the result. Mr. Barnes represented the plaintiff.

The Frank E. Long company closed its five nights' engagement at the Grand opera house last Saturday evening, playing to large audiences throughout the week. The company gave fairly good satisfaction. It contains at least one good actor who is none other than Walter Fane, who possesses much ability. Mr. Fane is arranging to start out a company at the opening of the coming season under his own management, to be known as the Fane-Farrell Co. We feel certain that with good support, he will meet with success.

An error was made last week in publishing the account of the funds raised by Rev. P. Schmitz for paying off the indebtedness on the Catholic church. Instead of $3,000, the debt is $3,500. We stated that $2,800 had been secured. Instead, it is only $2,582. This leaves $918 yet to be raised. While we gave the reverend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Keeps both rider and saddle perfectly dry in the hardest storms. Substitutes will disappoint. Ask for Tower's Fish Brand Pommel Slicker—it is entirely new. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

LABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all kalsomines. Ready for use in white or fourteen beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

LL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whiting, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

EWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

ND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

— — — will not buy Willie Ames.


Willie Ames, son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Ames, passed away last Saturday. The cause of his demise was pneumonia. The funeral services were held yesterday (Wednesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Free Methodist church, Rev. A. T. Damon officiating. Interment was made in the Forest Home cemetery.

**Mrs. Wm. Blumstrom.**

Mrs. Wm. Blumstrom, of the town of Pelican, died Sunday, after a long illness suffering with heart disease. The departed leaves a husband and three children to mourn the loss of a kind wife and affectionate mother. Funeral services were held over the remains from the home last Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, after which the body from which the spirit had fled was tenderly laid at rest in Forest Home cemetery.

**Mrs. Gilbert White.**

At the Catholic church last Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, funeral services were held over the remains of the late Mrs. Gilbert White, nee Mary Gormley. Rev. Fr. P. Schmitz, pastor of the church, officiating. Loving friends filled the church to pay their last earthly respect to one they loved. The floral offerings were many. At the close of the services interment took place in the Catholic cemetery.

**Mrs. Louis Boyer.**

Mrs. Louis Boyer, nee Alice Stafford, died last Friday morning from the effects of grippe and pneumonia, after an illness of about four weeks. The deceased was twenty-three years of age and leaves to mourn her untimely departure a husband and two small children, a boy and girl. The funeral services were held Monday morning at ten o'clock from the Catholic church, Rev. Fr. Schmitz officiated in the presence of a large number of the sorrowing relatives and friends of the departed, after which interment was made in the Catholic cemetery.


E. Richards. J. W. Kingsbury.

## RICHARDS & KINGSBURY,

(Successors to F. B. Reed & Co.)

—Dealers in—

## Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fruits, Confectionery and Cigars. Soda Fountain and Ice Cream Parlors.

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## Carpets, Matting, Rugs, etc.

We wish to call attention to our stock of new

# Carpets and Rugs.

We carry a large line.

We have marked them at a price that will surely sell them as they were all bought before the great advance in wools.

## C C Carpets,

A full yard wide at 25 cents.

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"None better made"

At 65 cents until closed out.

Japan Matting at 15 and 25 cents

The best value in the city for this price.

We are headquarters for Window Shades and Tapestry Curtains.

C. M. & W. W. FENELON,

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THE VERY BEST.

A Carload Now on the Way.

You must see our new line of

## Crescent Wheels,

The Bikes That Can't Be Beat.

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# NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY

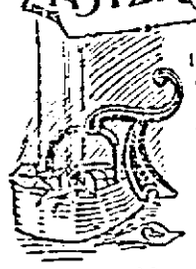
RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN


## The Neighborly Cinch Club

AN HOUR before the first members of the Neighborly Cinch club could reasonably be expected to arrive Mrs. Major was in a tremor of excitement every time she heard footfalls on the pavement in front of the house. It was the first time the Majors were to entertain the cinch club and the hostess was as nervous as a hostess can be expected to be on such an occasion. What added to her case of "nerves" was the calm and unruffled spirit in which her lord and master watched the proceedings and from time to time offered a sarcastic suggestion. He smoked his cigar and lounged in the cozy corner as unmoved as though the reception of ten or a dozen critical people for an evening was an event of no moment, while Mrs. Major knew to a certainty that everything in the house from the carpet to the spoons would be weighed, measured and found wanting by the sharp eyes of the women members of the club.

"I should think," she said to her husband, "you would take it on yourself to do a little something toward helping."

## THUSA HILL'S EASTER BASKET.



THUSA HILL had come into the little front yard for a breath of fresh air, before putting on the kettle for tea. Her life was encircled by such a narrow horizon that this was the chief event of her day. She then took time to look up and down the long village street, to exchange greetings with passers, to inquire about the sick, and to receive the latest bit of village news.

She and her mother lived like two sparrows in the small, weather-brown house with the $500 mortgage on it. The debt had been incurred in "poor father's" time; and after his death the two patient, toiling women strove vainly to reduce it. Whenever they had saved a few dollars of the principal, sewing would be slack, coal and provisions higher, taxes increased, or Mrs. Hill would have one of her "poor spells," and the money would melt like spring snow, leaving the debt no smaller.

Thusa had tried working in the silk mill in the next village; but she was far past youth, her fingers were too rough and awkward for the delicate winding and spooling, and her apprehension was slow. Her place was wanted for a younger, swifter worker, and, with humiliation and secret tears, she took up again the making of sheets and pillow cases, or the fashioning of simple garments for children and unfastidious "help."

Standing at the gate, her faded blue eyes gazing into the perspective of the quiet street, Thusa Hill did not look like a subject for romance. The straight, scant folds of dark blue calico fell stiffly about her thin little figure, the sun of early April cast chilly gleams on the plain bands of ash-colored hair done up in a small knot, her shoulders were curved and her chest was hollow. Yet, in the years gone by, a lover's voice had whispered to her on long, sweet summer evenings, and a tender hand had stroked her brown, abundant hair.

How different life might have been, if Henry Gleason had not misunderstood that ride with Nathan Burnside! True, she had promised Henry that she would be at home that evening; and when he met her driving with Nathan—in answer to a sudden and urgent appeal from Nathan's sister—Henry had given her one swift look, proud and stung, and had turned on his heel, following in the dust of Nathan's wheels.

His look had aroused her defiance, and she would not send a word of self-justification. He might have had more faith in her—she had expected to be home long before it was time for his visit. And so, as young hearts are prone to pride, the note was never written, the word was never spoken—justly as Henry was entitled to it—and weeks and months glided into years, till Thusa was 46.

Henry had married his cousin, a feather-brained, selfish creature, whose own folly and vanity brought on her death a few years later. Now he lived in his childless home, with a hired farm boy and a bustling housekeeper. On winter evenings, sitting alone by the fire, the thought of his early love sometimes flitted across his mind, and he felt sorry for her struggles, both before and after the death of her father. But a man's pride is a hard possession—say what you may about the obstinacy of a woman—and Henry Gleason's was like the granite of his native New England hills.

Thusa went into the house, stirred the fire and filled the kettle. Her mother was hemming pillowcases in the tiny sitting-room beyond, and called out, as she heard her daughter's movements:

"There's a few of those stewed prunes in the buttery, Thusa. Couldn't we have them for supper instead of in a pie? I seem to crave something besides tea and bread and butter. But it's just as you say."

"Of course we will have them for supper, if you want them, mother," said Thusa. "I don't know as I want to spend time to-morrow rolling out a pie, anyway. There's that nightgown of Sally Myers' to be finished, for we need the money right away; and I promised to go and watch with Cynthia Warner to-morrow night. She's very bad, they say."

Her mother looked at her doubtingly.

"You don't look any too well yourself, Thusa. I don't believe you're strong enough to watch with the sick. Folks that work hard's you don't be broke of their night's rest without paying for it."

"I know it," was the answer, "but Cynthia would come and watch with me, if I was in her place."

She set the table in the little sitting-room—they played at being well-to-do in numberless innocent, childlike ways, these two slim sparrows—and put on the two little brown-flowered plates, the two thin china cups and saucers with the tiny faded rosebuds and the almost invisible line of gilt, and the worn silver spoons, the last of the mother's wedding outfit. Thusa cut the bread and butter, set the tea to draw, then went to the buttery for the prunes. The window looked on a side lane, and Thusa was startled to see that it was open, while a white, wolfish, hungry face was framed in the aperture, and a desperate hand was emptying the bowl of prunes, scattering the purple juice recklessly over the snowy shelves.

Thusa suppressed a little scream, that she might not startle her mother, and stared at the intruder. The creature, as if turned to stone, held its hand arrested midway from bowl to mouth. A childish terror began to overspread the sharp features, and Thusa stepped nearer to the window.

"Poor soul!" she said, gently. "Are you so hungry that you have to rob our shelves? Don't be frightened. I wouldn't hurt you for the world. Take this."

She quickly buttered a slice of bread, and the marauder, clutching it, burst into tears, which she wiped away with her juice-stained fingers, creating a fearful effect.

"I never stoled!" she cried, "but I ain't had scarcely a bite for two days, an' when I see them things in the dish, I jest had to take 'em."

"HE SAID YOU WOULD UNDERSTAND."

"Come around to the kitchen door," said Thusa, pityingly. She spread a second slice of bread, and poured into a little pink-sprigged cup her own slender allowance of milk. In view of such abject misery, what mattered milkless tea and a shortened ration of bread and butter? The girl slipped around to the kitchen door and stood there, ragged, unkempt, altogether wretched. Thusa watched her compassionately, as she ate and drank like a starved animal—for the time being she was little more. Taking the cup from the grimy fingers, and going back to wipe the shelves, Thusa brought out a third slice of bread and butter.

By gentle questioning, she learned that the girl's name was Lill Burdell; that she was 12 years old; had lived with a woman in New York, who beat and abused her, trying to make her steal; and that she had run away; tramping and begging by day; sleeping in barns at night; honestly trying to get work at the farmhouses; and nervously warned off the premises of most, with a few cold pieces, as if she had smallpox, that dread of rural districts.

Her clothing was literally rags—fastened about her, heaven knows how! yet there was a certain frank and independent look about the small, sharp features, despite the stolen prunes. Thusa's starved maternal feelings yearned over the child. She brought her in to sit by the fire, then, softly closing the door between kitchen and sitting-room, she told her mother the pitiful story. Mrs. Hill let the tea grow cold in her cup as she listened.

"I was thinking," said Thusa, as she refilled her mother's cup, "that we might—if you are willing—take this poor child in, to help around the house, and give me a chance to do more sewing."

"If you think it would be best, Thusa. I should hate not to take her, if it wouldn't be flying in the face of Providence—with the interest money to meet, and all."

"The winter's about over. The Lord seemed to put it into my head. I believe He'll open the way for us to afford it. And I don't see how it can be flying in the face of Providence, to follow the verse that says: 'Feed my lambs.'"

"Well, you're the one that keeps things a-going, Thusa. You're the best right to say," and the old lady drank the last of her tea, and ate the remainder of her bread and butter, looking fondly at her little brown-flowered plate as she did so.

It was long past the hour for steady-going villagers to be in bed. Lill Burdell, fed, washed, consoled, was sleeping like an infant, in one of Thusa's lavender-scented bedgowns. Her benefactress sat by the small window, gazing out across the fields. She was restless, and her thoughts were of her old lover. Ministering to the starved and homeless waif had set her thinking of what might have been, if she had not been so proud and defiant in those early days. Henry had surely been entitled to an explanation. Ah, but that bitter, reproachful look of his! She could not forget it. He might have had more faith in her, instead of marrying Cicely Mellen within a month. If he had waited, he would have seen that Nathan Burnside was nothing more than an ordinary friend. (Alas! he had seen it, after he had forged his own fetters.)

So pride and regretful love battled in the lonely heart. The night wore on, and Lill Burdell dreamed lavender-scented dreams. It was halfway to dawn when Thusa, reproaching herself for wasted time and strength, crept into bed beside her adopted child.

Henry Gleason was also keeping vigil with memory. A chance word with Nathan Burnside had led to an explanation of that summer evening ride so long ago. Was it too late to sue for pardon? Would Thusa be deficient in proper pride, if she would listen to a second avowal? She still remained young and lovable in his eyes. Yet, after all, she had been to blame in not explaining the breaking of the appointment.

So pride and affection contended in the widower's heart also. The circles made in the ocean by the casting in of a pebble go on widening; and philosophers tell us that every physical movement produces never-ending vibrations in the cosmic ether. The thoughts set vibrating in those two practical, middle-aged hearts were to have swifter results than either dreamed.

Two or three days later, just before Easter, Lill Burdell was carrying a basket along the village street. She wore a made-over calico gown of Miss Thusa's, shoes and stockings, warm underclothing, and a neat straw hat on her smooth hair. Proud of her decent apparel and the trust reposed in her as represented by a "quarter" tightly clinched in one hand, she examined the houses along the street, and finally stopped hesitatingly before one.

"Miss Thusy said, 'a white house with green shutters,' but I can't remember whether she said the first or the second. I've forgot the name, too, so I must run my chances. There's some hens a-squawkin', anyway."

She opened the gate and walked boldly up the flagged walk to the front door. The true city gamin, male or female, is untroubled by bashfulness. Her ring was answered by a tall, thin, gray-haired man with melancholy gray eyes. Lill held out the basket in one hand and the quarter in the other, saying:

"Miss Thusy says will you please let her have a dozen fresh eggs for Easter, an' she wants 'em good an' big."

Henry Gleason stared at the odd little figure, who stood stock-still after delivering her message.

Miss Thusy! Was the world coming to an end? Then the explanation occurred to him. Thusa must have sent this queer child to his next neighbor, Mrs. Wilson, who sold eggs regularly, and the girl had mistaken the house.

A sudden thought whirled into his mind. Not being widely read in the poets, the line—

Take the gods the gods provide thee,

did not occur to him, but he acted on the principle implied. He took the basket and the money, and bade the child come in. He was alone, the housekeeper having gone to the next town to do some "trading," and the hired boy was plowing.

Easter eggs! Thusa should have such an Easter basket as no young girl in the village could boast. In the bottom of the basket, he arranged two dozen of the finest, freshest eggs he could find in the henhouse. Then he wrote a hurried note—not high-sounding, but with true love in every line. Truly he was making up for lost time. He slipped the money inside, sealed the letter and laid it on the eggs, folding a paper over all. Then he went to the housekeeper's cherished window plants and loaded the basket to the very handle with Easter lilies and roses.

"Ain't there no charge from the quarter?" asked sharp, city-bred Lill, looking curiously from him to the flowers and back.

"Inside—in an envelope. Miss Thusa will understand."

"Did he spose I'd lose it, if he gave it to me in my hand?" said Lill to herself rather scornfully, trudging off with her fragrant load. A little later, the flower-laden basket was deposited on the Hills' kitchen table by breathless Lill, who had come as near to running as the safety of the eggs would permit.

"He sent you all these lots an' lots of flowers, Miss Thusy, an' the eggs an' change is at the bottom of the basket. He said you would understand."

He! What was the child talking about?

"Didn't you go to Mrs. Wilson's, Lill?"

"I went to the first white house with green shutters"—Miss Thusa dropped white and trembling into the little kitchen rocker—"where the hens was a-squawkin', an' the man that come to the door give me the eggs an' the flowers. I didn't see no woman anywheres."

Thusa sprang suddenly from the chair and lifted out the flowers, Lill bringing water for them in an old-fashioned pitcher. When the note appeared, Thusa caught it up and fled to her room, scarcely glancing at the eggs. Kneeling beside her patchwork-covered bed, Thusa wept and smiled by turns over her old lover's note, in which he told her he would be with her in an hour. Then, womanlike, she got up and began to freshen and improve her faded face and hair, her plain garments. But the greatest beautifier was the soft light in her changed eyes.

On a lovely summer morning, Lill Burdell, plump and rosy from weeks of care and kindness, stood on the back porch of the Gleason farmhouse, scattering corn to a flock of hens. Mrs. Hill sat near, shelling peas freshly picked in the morning dew, and Thusa Hill Gleason, looking years younger and prettier, was stirring in a housewifely fashion about her spacious kitchen, getting ready a substantial breakfast.

"Look, grandma," said Lill, "ain't they pretty? An' squawkin' jes' like they did the day I came for the eggs—an 'neither me nor them a-dreamin' how soon we'd all be livin' here together."

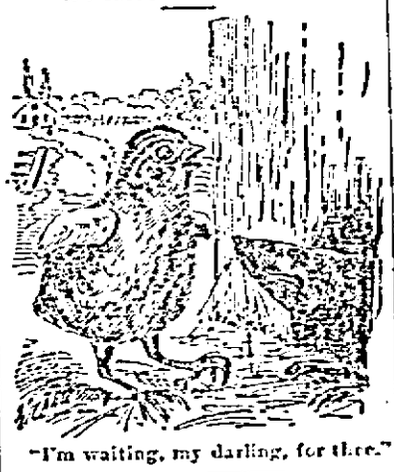
Ah, Lill, you little guessed what you were doing that day, when you stopped at the wrong house—the first house where the hens were "a-squawkin'." Nor did your Miss Thusy—who will always be "Miss Thusy" to you—realize, on that cold spring evening, that the ragged, tempted little tramp, with whom she shared her own scanty meal, was an angel entertained unawares.—Leslie Dane, in Good Housekeeping.

### Sunshine in Shady Places.

While Easter is for every age and condition, there are none to whom it can have deeper meaning than to the invalid and to the aged, and none to whom loving ministrations can bring truer joy. The beautiful lilies, the helpful Easter booklets, the appropriate pictures, the written verse, the bright greeting, are thrice welcome to the "shut-ins" who have less varied sources of happiness than have others. Let them not be forgotten, the aged mother in the neighbor's home—nor in one's own—the fever convalescent in the hospital, the cripple in the laundress' family, the suffering daughter in the house on the hill. The expression need not represent expenditure of money. It may take the form of a letter, dainty and cheerful, or of a short poem, prettily copied, delivered personally or by post, and if a flower go with the Easter message so much the sweeter is it.

The observance of Lowell's injunction, to "make sunshine in life's shady places," is never more fitting than at Easter-tide, when it is right that mind and heart sunshine should be the portion of all.—Chicago Standard.

### AN EASTER SURPRISE.



"I'm waiting, my darling, for thee."

### Paschal Candle's Symbolism.

The Paschal candle is the name given to the light which appears on the Gospel side of the altar during mass and vespers from Easter to Whit Sunday. It symbolizes the rising from the grave of Christ, the "Light of the World." In the year 1457 it was recorded that the candle used at Canterbury was of 200 pounds weight. There is also mentioned as a matter of history that on one occasion the Paschal candle in the church at Norwich, England, was so tall that it had to be lighted through an opening in the roof over the choir.

### Blessing of the House.

Among the Gregorian Armenians the periodical "blessing of the house" takes place at Easter. This consists of the repetition of a prayer by the priest, accompanied by the burning of incense, and the sprinkling with holy water in the "sala" or central room of the house.

## PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

"Are you on speaking terms with Mr. Chatterbox?" "No, merely on listening terms."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

An Experienced Young Man.—Stern Parent—"Do you think you could support my daughter? I doubt it." Suitor (absent-mindedly) — "She is pretty heavy, but I've done it often."—Philadelphia Record.

A Sympathetic Singer.—"Doesn't she sing with a great deal of sympathy?" "Yes; you would actually think she had heart enough to be sorry for those who are listening to her."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Password.—"Are you sober?" asked Mrs. Larkin, as she leaned out of the second-story window at 2:30 a. m., in response to her husband's ring. "Yesh, m'dear." "Then say Pietermaritzburg."—Town Topics.

She—"I suppose you attended the amateur theatricals last night?" He—"Yes, and there wasn't a dry eye in the house." She—"You don't say? I never heard of 'Julius Caesar' affecting an audience so deeply before." He—"No. It would have surprised even Shakespeare. We just simply laughed till we cried."—Standard and Times.

Fighting Record.—"Mrs. Browne has a queer hobby," remarked Mrs. Strongmind. "She cuts out every wedding notice she sees in the papers. I wonder what she does with all the clippings she gets?" "Perhaps," replied Mr. Strongmind, half fearing and half hoping she would see his meaning, "she puts them in a 'scrap-book.'"—Philadelphia Press.

At the funeral of a colored lady in Atlanta there was a profusion of flowers. A cook and a nurse were discussing the propriety of having so many floral tributes on such occasions, when the elderly nurse said: "I don't want ye to plant any flowers on my grave. Just plant a good old watermelon vine, and when it gets ripe you come dar, and don't you eat it, but jes' bus' it on de grave and let dat good old juice dribble down through de ground."

## BEES IN A BATHROOM.

### A Baltimore Family Supplied with Honey by a Big Working Colony.

Honey bees of different times and countries have chosen many peculiar locations for their homes, but none have shown themselves more domestic in their choice than a colony in northwest Baltimore, which has invaded a dwelling-house, and cannot be induced to go elsewhere. This colony, which has thousands of members, has preempted for its own use a part of the dwelling 1945 Harlem avenue, occupied by Mr. E. J. Godman, says the Baltimore American.

When that gentleman moved into the house, several years ago, he noticed that a large number of bees collected around the windows of the bathroom, on the second floor, and, on observing them closely, he saw that they came out and went into the opening in the house wall through which the pipe from the bathtub ran. He concluded that there was a hive somewhere in the vicinity of the bathroom, and on cutting out a small section of the flooring he found in the vacant space under the floor, and between the joists, on which the flooring rested, what seemed to him a million bees, with a large amount of honey.

Tubs and large pans were brought into requisition to hold the honey. The honey combs stood at right angles to the joists. They were an inch in thickness and about ten inches square. The squares of honeycomb set on edge side by side, completely filled the space between the beams. To take them it was only necessary to detach them at each side from the beam and lift them out. The members of the family had all the honey they wanted and it was freely distributed to neighbors and friends.

The "robbing" took place in the fall. A small amount was left for the bees to subsist upon. Mr. Godman thought it would be better to transfer the bees to a hive and take them out of the house. There were some disadvantages connected with their presence in the bathroom now, especially since the hole had been bored in the floor to get at them. The children could enter the room and take the bees up from their place by the double handful, and smooth them along their laps with their hands, but the workers of the colony were opposed to certain members of the family, and stung them whenever they got a chance. That was why Mr. Godman desired to put them in a hive in the yard.

The hive was prepared, and an effort was made to induce the bees to enter it, but the effort was not a success. It brought about a schism in the colony, however, and nearly all the bees went away. During the blizzard last February the colony that remained beneath the bathroom perished, and Mr. Godman thought he had gotten rid of the bees.

About a year after the exodus of the bees a swarm that seemed larger than the one that had gone away returned to the Harlem avenue house and reoccupied their old quarters. While entering through the aperture in the wall the bees swarmed about the waste pipe, and formed a bundle about as large as a half-bushel basket. They have remained there ever since, supplying the family with honey at intervals.

### Boers in Other Lands.

It is stated that President Kruger has issued a proclamation commandeering all the citizens of the republic resident abroad. The penalty for noncompliance is a fine of from $500 to $2,500 and one to five years' imprisonment, with loss of franchise and confiscation of property.


## CLEANSE YOUR BLOOD

The thing most desired of a Spring Medicine is thorough purification of the blood. With this work of cleansing going on there is complete renovation of every part of your system. Not only is the corrupt blood made fresh, bright and lively, but the stomach also responds in better digestion, its readiness for food at proper times gives sharp appetite, the kidneys and liver properly perform their allotted functions, and there is, in short, new brain, nerve, mental and digestive strength.

## HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Possesses the peculiar qualities—*Peculiar to Itself*—which accomplish these good things for all who take it. An unlimited list of wonderful cures prove its merit.


### As Fate Would Have It.

Many years ago an Arkansas youth, on leaving the home of his sweetheart late at night, received a severe kick as he stepped out of the door. His beloved had not responded definitely to his proposal of marriage, but had assured him that she would soon let him know what she could do for him. He, unfortunately for two tender hearts, took the kick for an answer and departed for a far and wild country. Here he brooded over his wound and his broken heart until his beard grew down to his knees and his nose became Roman. As fate would have it, as fate always has it, he turned up late one said, and evening when the straw neck bons were quarreling on the roost and the brindle cow was lowing mournfully for her hungry offspring. A young man some six feet tall met the lonely visitor. It was one of seven sons, born, from time to time, unto his old love. Explanations followed. It was not the girl who kicked him 20 years before. Oh no! It was her angry father. He went out to the horse lot, cut off his beard with the sheep-shears and kicked himself down the hill.—Galveston News.

### Getting At the Facts.

Wife (after the honeymoon)—Why did you deceive me about your income?

Husband—I didn't, my dear.

"Yes, you did. You told me you were getting $30 a week when you asked me to marry you."

"You evidently misunderstood me. I said my position was worth $30—and so it is—but for some reason best known to the boss he gives me only ten dollars."—Chicago Evening News.


### Ghost of the Glacier

And Other Tales, including Making a Revolution, Susquehanna Trail, Sculpture of the Hills, Once a Pillar of the World, Feathers of Fashion, and others. A delightful volume, beautifully illustrated. Ready for distribution about May 1. Send 10 cents to T. W. Lee, General Passenger Agent Lackawanna Railroad, 26 Exchange Place, New York City. Edition limited.


The successful man sometimes gives his mother's slipper the credit of having first made him smart.—Chicago Democrat.

It is all right to change your mind when wrong, but don't get into the habit of being wrong.—Chicago Democrat.


## HAVE IT READY

Minor accidents are so frequent and such hurts so painful that no household should be without a bottle of

## St. Jacobs Oil

for instant use, as the world knows it is a PERFECT CURE for PAINS and ACHES

## ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

## Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST BEAR FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

Price 25 Cents

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

# WOMAN AND HOME

## BUILT BY CHILDREN.

**Church in Wisconsin Owes Its Existence to the Work and Economy of Little Ones.**

For a town to exist 50 years and yet have only one church organization which possesses its own building is strange enough, but when that building has been built entirely through the efforts of children and by money which they furnished and solicited, it becomes stranger still.

Just such an unusual condition of affairs exists to-day, according to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, in Schofield, a Wisconsin town which will soon celebrate its semi-centennial. The church belongs to the Christian Scientists, and the story of its erection is a most interesting one.

In 1896 Miss Mary E. Graves, a resident of Schofield, organized in her own home a Sunday school composed of 18 boys and girls of the village, ranging in age from 8 to 14 years.

For about two years and a half the school was conducted under the fostering care of Miss Graves, and in the latter part of 1898 its finances were in such a healthy condition that its members decided to build a church edifice.

The surplus in the treasury amounted to exactly nine dollars, all of which had been accumulated through weekly collections averaging from one cent to ten cents from each of the children.

With this sum in hand, the youthful members of the Sunday school appointed a building committee from their own number and proceeded to carry out their resolution to build a house of worship.

In a few days some well wisher of the children donated a site for the church building. A little later an unknown admirer sent a check for ten dollars, and on the heels of this contribution came $25 in cash from another source. The head of a large lumber concern in Schofield offered all of the building material required at nominal cost.



CHURCH BUILT BY CHILDREN.

Just recently the church was completed and dedicated. It is a cozy structure, 20 by 40 feet, finished inside in hardwood and having a floor and pews of the same material. Its furnishings include a handsome reading desk and apparatus for heating and lighting. The seating capacity is 100.

On the day after the dedication Treasurer Alfred Glasson, 14 years of age, announced with an air of dignified satisfaction that every obligation of the building committee had been paid, and that there was a surplus of $2.27 in the treasury.

The church organization is thoroughly democratic, the children electing their own officers and managing the business affairs of the organization in all its details.

With the exception of Miss Graves, the first reader, the church offices are filled by children.

## MISS EVELYN LEASE.

**Daughter of the Famous Mary Elizabeth, of Kansas Fame, to Be a Public Lecturer.**

Miss Evelyn Louise is the youngest woman lecturer in the United States. She is the 17-year-old daughter of Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Lease, the famous woman orator.

Miss Lease bids fair to rival her mother in the gift of oratory. She is studying law in New York city, with a view to a politico-legal career. She is tall, and has blue eyes, black hair and a fair skin. She has engaging manners and much personal magnetism. She made her debut as a public speaker at a meeting of the people's party in St. Louis eight years ago. She began with a child's recitation and launched into a woman suffrage speech. In ringing tones she said:

MISS EVELYN LEASE.

"You men must keep your promises and give us a suffrage plank. You all have been used to say: 'The hand that rocks the cradle rules the world,' but I say to you, gentlemen, if you do not keep your promise there will be no cradles to rock and no babies to put in them."

The child visited the Boys' Reform school at Topeka, and there addressed the 200 youths in the institution. She spoke with a maternal air, and the bad youngsters gave her most respectful attention.

Miss Lease, though a girl of gentle manners, has strong convictions. She is a vegetarian. She does not eat meat or eggs nor drink milk. Her voice is powerful in declamation and sweet in song. She has written several songs that have been set to music by Miss Jessie L. Clark, the director of music in the public schools of St. Louis. She and her younger sister Grace, have paraphrased some of Dickens' Christmas tales, dramatized and staged them in their old home in Wichita, Kan. Miss Lease will doubtless swell the number of young girls from "out of the west" who will achieve distinction in New York, which city her mother has recently chosen as her home.

**How to Frieassee Parsnips.**

Two tablespoonfuls of broth, a piece of mace, one-half cupful of milk, one ounce butter, a little flour, pepper and salt, parsnips. Peel and wash the parsnips and boil them in milk till quite soft; drain them and cut them in pieces lengthwise two or three inches long; put them in a sauce made of the broth, milk, butter, flour and seasoning; simmer all together for a quarter of an hour and serve.

**A Preventive of Moths.**

It is well to know that any strong, pungent smell will keep away moths. A mixture of cloves, cinnamon, orris root and other fragrant things may be substituted for camphor preparations with less disagreeable after effects.

**Just for the Baby.**

Mrs. Lash—What did you get baby for a birthday present?

Mrs. Lash—I took $1.00 out of the little darling's bank and bought him this lovely lamp for the drawing-room.—Boston Beacon.

## PIER FAMILY, ALL MEMBERS SUPREME COURT BAR.

WHEN, in February of this year, Miss Kate H. Pier, member of the United States supreme court bar, moved that her mother and sister, Mrs. Kate H. Pier and Miss H. H. Pier, of Milwaukee, be admitted to practice before the supreme court, the women members of that bar became 20 in number, and four of these are of the Pier family. The fourth is Mrs. Caroline Pier-Roemer. Mrs. Kate Pier is the widow of Col. Pier, of Wisconsin. Mother and daughters studied law with the male head of the family during his lifetime, and after his death continued their studies. Mrs. Pier has practiced in Milwaukee for a number of years, and is a court commissioner. In the latter capacity she performed the ceremony at the marriage of her daughter, Caroline, to John H. Roemer, also a lawyer of Milwaukee.

## HER ONE REQUEST.

**The Only Remaining Thing That Was Necessary to Complete Her Happiness.**

"Listen, my darling."

The youthful millionaire drew to his heart the beautiful girl who had promised to share his wealth and happiness, and in simple language began to recount what the future had in store for them.

"It has been my great wish," he said, "that you should have a home, not only commensurate with your position and my own, but one which will be a fit setting for your altogether sweet and delightful personality. And so for months now I have been engaged in a search after the best that money can buy, and the house I have had built especially for you is now complete throughout. Nothing has been omitted. Decorators and artists have bestowed their services, and all my resources have been taxed to provide our home with a suitable interior and with the most costly furniture. What do you say to this, my dear?"

"It is lovely," replied his betrothed, as she heaved a slight sigh. "There is only one thing more, dearest, that will make me completely and utterly happy."

"It shall be granted," exclaimed her enthusiastic lover. "Only tell me what it is."

The girl at his side stirred rapturously.

"How good of you!" she said. "I was only going to say that when we have moved into our new home I would like the privilege of furnishing it all over again to suit myself."—Life.

**England's Armored Trains.**

The magnificent armored trains used by England in her war with the Boers will transport her troops, protect bridges and telegraphic communications in about the same way that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters drives dyspepsia from the human stomach and then mounts guard that it does not return. The Bitters has won in every case of indigestion, biliousness, liver and kidney trouble for the past fifty years. It is invaluable at all times.

**Punishment.**

"Did your wife scold when you came home so late last night?"

"You don't know what it is to have a wife who was once a school teacher. She simply made me write 100 times on a slate 'I must be at home by ten o'clock.'"—N. Y. World.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases of of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**Physical Reaction.**

Brown—How do you feel about Sunday golf?

Jones—Don't tell that I said so, but I have heard sermons so long lately that they made me want to go out and take a whack at something.—Indianapolis Journal.

**Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease,**

A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**Couldn't Think of Vampire.**

Pearl—What do you call these bats that hang by their heads, Ruby?

Ruby—Acrobats, dear.—Chicago Evening News.

**Speltz, Bromus, Rape, Corn, Oats.**

Five remarkable things. Bound to make you rich, Mr. Farmer. Salzer's catalog tells the story. Send 5c. postage and this notice to-day for catalog to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. [x]

"The caramels are coming! Oho! Oho!" softly hummed the maiden, as she heard her nicest young man's ring at the doorbell.—Ohio State Journal.

We refund 10c for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo. Sold by all druggists.

Wise is the man who acts as if he expected to live a hundred years, but is prepared to shuffle off to-morrow.—Chicago Daily News.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

In teaching the young, be careful not to deceive them; they will catch you at it.—Atchison Globe.

**To Cure a Cold in One Day**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The charms of solitude depend largely on the man who is to be charmed.—Chicago Democrat.

The source of many a large river is but a small spring.—Chicago Daily News.

## HE LIKES WESTERN CANADA.

Duhamel, Jan 21, 1900.

Dear Sir and Friend:

We had a lucky trip, made good connections and got to Wetaskiwin Monday afternoon, stayed there all night, bought a pony and saddle for the boy and hired a three-seated rig for the balance of us and got home to dinner next day; caught the boys cleaning up and getting ready to come after us. Wednesday the snow was all gone and we had bare ground and bright sunshine for a month, and it has been pleasant weather ever since. The ground is frozen about two feet and about six inches of snow—just enough for sleighing. We had one cold spell in December. The thermometer went down to 32 below zero; but we did not suffer with the cold at all. We have worked every day all winter, are all well and feeling well. Have built a log house 15x18, two log stables 16x18, and are now busy on a well. We have ten cows, three other cattle and six head of horses. The boys send their best respects to Mr. Hutchison, and say they will talk to him enough to pay for not writing when he gets up here. Will write you again next Spring and tell you all about the Winter. We all unite in sending you and family our best wishes and respects and hope this will find you all well.

Yours very respectfully,

(Signed) THOMAS TATE,

Duhamel, Alberta, Canada.

P. S. It has been down to zero this month; it is 22 above now.


**Nothing in the Wide World**

has such a record for absolutely curing female ills and kidney troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Medicines that are advertised to cure everything cannot be specifics for anything.

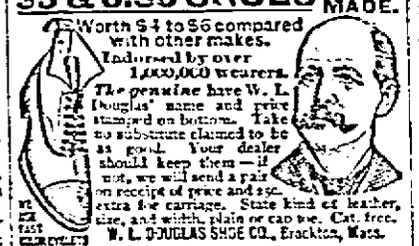
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will not cure every kind of illness that may afflict men, women and children, but proof is monumental that it will and does cure all the ills peculiar to women.

This is a fact indisputable and can be verified by more than a million women.

If you are sick don't experiment, take the medicine that has the record of the largest number of cures.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

**W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & 3.50 SHOES** UNION MADE.



Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makes. Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free. W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

**Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup** The best remedy for whooping-cough. Give the child Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, relief will come at once and the sufferer will soon be cured. Price only 25 cts.

**DROPSY** NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

O, How Happy I am to **BE FREE** from **NEURALGIA**

Is what Mrs. Archie Young of 1817 Oaks Ave., West Superior, Wis., writes us on Jan. 27th, 1900. "I am so thankful to be able to say that your SWANSON'S '5 DROPS' is the best medicine I have ever used in my life. I sent for some last November and commenced using it right away and it helped me from the first dose. Oh, I cannot explain to you how I was suffering from neuralgia! It seemed that death was near at hand. I thought no one could be worse. I was so very weak that I hardly expected to live to see my husband come back from his daily labor. But now I am free from pain, my cheeks are red, and I sleep well the whole night through. Many of my friends are so surprised to see me looking so well that they will send for some of your '5 DROPS.'"

**RHEUMATISM** "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for 2 years. I was in bed with it when I saw your advertisement in a paper, recommending SWANSON'S '5 DROPS' very highly. I thought I would try it. It has completely cured me, but I like it so well that I want two more bottles for fear I will get into the same fix I was before I sent for '5 DROPS,'" writes Mr. Alexander Futrell of Vandale, Ark., Feb. 6th, 1900.

5 DROPS [TRADE MARK]

Is the most powerful specific known. Free from opiates and perfectly harmless. It gives almost instantaneous relief, and is a positive cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Backache, Asthma, Hay Fever, Catarrh, La Grippe, Croup, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuralgic Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Heart Weakness, Dropsy, Malaria, Creeping Numbness, etc., etc.

**30 DAYS** to enable sufferers to give "5 DROPS" at least a trial, we will send a 25c size bottle, prepaid by mailer 10c. A sample bottle sent on receipt of 10c. 6 bottles for $5. Sold by druggists. AGENTS WANTED in New Territory. Write us to-day.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 to 164 Lake St., CHICAGO, ILL.


## POSTED BY THE JANITOR.

**Society Specials Communicated Through the Autocrat of the Apartment House.**

They were riding together on an Indiana avenue car. One wore a little gem of a black bonnet, with violet trimmings, and the other had on an appropriate Lenten symphony in gray.

"By the way, did you hear that Lillian Bell is to be married?" asked the one in the black bonnet.

"Dear me, no! How did you find it out? Who is it? When is it to be? Where are they going to live? Is he—"

"Oh, dear, and I'll tell you all about it," whispered the other, behind her little mouse-colored muff. "In the first place, he's young—only 25. He's veree, veree handsome, he's rich, they've been acquainted only three weeks. He is veree, veree much in love with her, and she with him. They are going to have a simplee beautiful wedding, and then they are going to take a trip to Paris, and after that live in New York. And—"

"Well, well, how much you know about it! I didn't suppose you were acquainted with Miss Bell. Never heard you mention it, my dear."

"I'm not; never saw her in my life," said the other. "But you know that the Bells live in one of that row of green stone houses down there on Lake avenue? Well, the houses all have the same janitor, and a friend of a friend of mine lives in one of them. The janitor told all about it to the woman in the green stone house, she told my friend, and my friend told me. There!"

"How lovely!" murmured the woman in the Lenten gray.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

## THE PALLID MAN QUAILS.

**It Was "Up to Him" and His Soul Was Filled with Terror But He Escaped.**

"It is up to you, now."

The pallid man turned more pallid, and gazed wildly around for an avenue of escape, Pennsylvania avenue or any other old avenue. They were closed.

"It is up to you, now."

The pallid man wondered why Prof. Osborne, after convicting Molineux, had come down to Washington post-haste on the Congressional Limited to prosecute him. It had been "up to Cornish." Now it was up to him. He thought of his crimes, and his knees shook in a manner that would make Zaza turn green when she shakes her bangled wrists after chewing up 13 sofa pillows and one soft couch ($4.89, reduced).

"It is up to you, now."

The pallid man recalled his last murder. It was a dark night. The place, Long bridge. The hour, midnight. As he had thrown his writhing victim, a young and beautiful maiden cat, tied in the sultan's specially prepared Bosphorus bag, the piercing shriek the dying young creature shrieked haunted him still. And now they were hunting for him.

"It is up to you, now."

"For God's sake! What?"

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He who does not love honesty is a thief at heart.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Sound Judgment.—The bandmaster's.—Harlem Life.


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A. N. K.—G 1808

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